ANNUAL REPORT 2011 – 12

KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA BURDWAN





KRISHI VIGYAN KENDRA

Central Research Institute for Jute & Allied Fibres (ICAR) Budbud, Burdwan, W.B. 713 403 Telefax: 0343-2513651 <u>www.kvkcrijaf.org.in</u>

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE KVK

1.1. Name and address of KVK with phone, fax and e-mail

Name: Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Burdwan

Address	Telephone		E mail
Bud Bud, Burdwan-	Office -	Fax -	kvkburdwan@gmail.com
713 403.	0343 2513651	0343 2513651	Web: www.kvkcrijaf.org.in
West Bengal			

1.2. Name and address of host organization with phone, fax and e-mail

Name of Host organization: Central Research Institute for Jute and Allied Fibres (ICAR)

Address	Т	E mail	
	Office	Fax	
Barrackpore	033-25356124	033- 25350415	crijaf-wb@nic.in
Kolkata- 700 120. West Bengal			

1.3. Name of the Programme Coordinator with phone & mobile No

Name	Telephone / Contact				
	Residence	Mobile	Email		
DR. F. H. RAHMAN	08961999370	09432955117	fhrahmancal@gmail.com		

1.4. Year of sanction: 2005 vide order No. 5-24 / 2002 - AE - I, dated April 01, 2005

S N	Sanctioned post	Name of the incumbent	Designation	Discipline	Pay Scale with present basic	Date of joining	Perman ent/ tempora ry	Category (SC/ST/ BC/ Others)
1	Programme Coordinator	Dr. F. H. Rahman	Programme Coordinator	Soil Science	Rs. 37400- 67000 Grade Pay - 9000 Basic – Rs. 47800	10.04.2007	Perman ent	GEN
2	Subject Matter Specialist	Mr. Dipankar Ghorai	SMS	Agricultur e	Rs. 15600-39100 Grade Pay - 5400 Basic – Rs. 24350	26.04.2006	Perman ent	GEN
3	Subject Matter Specialist	Mr. Golam Ziauddin	SMS	Fisheries	Rs. 15600-39100 Grade Pay - 5400 Basic – Rs. 23640	28.04.2006	Perman ent	GEN
4	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr. Chandrakanta Jana	SMS	AH&VS	Rs. 15600-39100 Grade Pay - 5400 Basic - Rs. 22950	29.04.2006	Perman ent	GEN
5	Subject Matter Specialist	Dr. Subrata Sarkar	SMS	Horticultu re	Rs. 15600-39100 Grade Pay - 5400 Basic – Rs. 24350	04.05.2006	Perman ent	GEN
6	Computer Programmer	Sk Golam Rasul	Prog. Assistant (Computer)	Computer	Rs. 9300-34800 Grade Pay - 4200 B. Pay - 15670	10.04.2006	Perman ent	GEN
7	Programme Assistant	Mr. Sandipan Garai	Prog. Assistant	Agricultur e	Rs. 9300-34800 Grade Pay - 4200 B. Pay - 15670	18.04.2006	Perman ent	OBC
8	Farm Manager	Mr. Soumya Sarathi Kundu	Prog. Assistant (Farm Manager)	Agricultur e	Rs. 9300-34800 Grade Pay - 4200 B. Pay – 15210	06.01.2007	Perman ent	GEN
9	Accountant / Superintendent	Mr. Baidyanath Mukhopadhyay	Assistant		Rs. 9300-34800 Grade Pay - 4200 B. Pay - 15670	15.03.2006	Perman ent	GEN
10	Stenographer	Mr. Sushanta Dey	Stenographer Gr - III		Rs.5200-20200 G. P. – 2400, B. Pay – 11510	20.03.2006	Perman ent	GEN

1.5. Staff Position (as on 31th March, 2011)

11	Driver	Mr. Joydeep Pal	Driver - cum -		Rs.5200-20200	06.07.2006	Perman	GEN
			mechanic		G. P 2000,		ent	
					B. Pay - 9090			
12	Driver	Mr. Santi Nath	Driver- cum -		Rs.5200-20200	10.07.2006	Perman	OBC
		Pal	mechanic		G. P 2000,		ent	
					B. Pay - 9090			
13	Supporting	Mr. Shyamal	Supporting	Peon	Rs. 5200-20200	25.02.2006	Perman	GEN
	staff	Bhanja	staff		G. P 1800,		ent	
					B. Pay - 8130			
14	Supporting	Mr. Anup Das	Supporting	Cook	Rs. 5200-20200	01.03.2006	Perman	SC
	staff		staff		G. P 1800,		ent	
					B. Pay - 8130			

Total land with KVK (in ha) 1.6.

: 18 ha

S. No.	Item	Area (ha)
1	Under Buildings	3.5
2.	Under Demonstration Units	2.5
3.	Under Crops	7.0
4.	Orchard/Agro-forestry	2.0
5.	Others (Ponds)	3.0

1.7. Infrastructural Development: A) <u>Buildings</u>

S. N.	Name of building	Not yet started	Complete d up to plinth	Complete d up to lintel level	Completed up to roof level	Totally completed	Plinth area (Sq.m)	Source of fund
			level					
1.	Administrative Building					Completed	552	ICAR
2.	Farmers Hostel					Completed	306	ICAR
3.	Staff Quarters (6)					Completed	400	ICAR
4.	Demonstration Units (6)							
	Portable carp hatchery					Completed		ICAR
	Integrated farming system					Completed		ICAR
	Greenhouse					Completed		RKVY
	Drip irrigation in fruit orchard					Completed		ATMA
	Feed grinding machine					Completed		ATMA
	Vermicompost unit					Completed		ATMA
5	Fencing					Completed	925 m	ICAR
6	Rain Water					Completed	6000 sq.m.	MGN
	harvesting					_	_	REGS
	structure							
7	Threshing floor							
8	Farm godown							
9.	Deer tube well					Completed		ICAR

B<u>) Vehicles</u>

Type of vehicle	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Kms. Run during the year	Total Kms. Run	Present status
TATA	01.04.1999	-	2657	87488 since its possession from PSB,	In running
Sumo				Shantiniketan on 08.05.2006	condition
Tractor	01.04.1999	-	221 hrs	829 since its possession from PSB,	In running
				Shantiniketan on 08.05.2006	condition.

C) Equipments & AV aids

Name of the equipment	Year of purchase	Cost (Rs.)	Present status
Photo copier with	2006-07	49499.00	In working condition
stabilizer			
Flame photometer	2006-07	29813.00	In working condition
Spectrophotometer	2006-07	46283.00	In working condition
Shaker	2006-07	20756.00	In working condition
Hot air oven	2006-07	5344.00	In working condition
Hot plate	2007-08	14000.00	In working condition
Glass distillation unit	2007-08	28000.00	In working condition
Conductivity bridge	2007-08	10000.00	In working condition
pH meter	2007-08	9563.00	In working condition
Refrigerator	2007-08	12350.00	In working condition
Electronic balance	2007-08	12375.00	In working condition
Grinder	2007-08	19500.00	In working condition
Kjeldahl N analyser	2008-09	250474.00	In working condition
Generator	2008-09	68000.00	In working condition
FAX machine	2008-09	12080.00	In working condition
LCD projector	2008-09	109000.00	In working condition
Godrej Iron Chest	2008-09	9360.00	In working condition
Computer with	2009 -10	49920.00	In working condition
accessories (2 Nos.)			
LCD TV	2010-11	13110	In working condition
Digital Camera	2010-11	14790	In working condition
Farm implements			
Brush cutter	2011-12	22360	In working condition
Seed drill	2011-12	66500	In working condition
Rotovator	2011-12	107120	In working condition
Sprayer	2011-12	7300	In working condition
Paddy thresher	2011-12	12000	In working condition
Power reaper	2011-12	85476	In working condition

1.8.A) Details SAC meeting conducted in the year

S.N	Date	Number of	Salient Recommendations	Action
		Participants		taken
1	10.04.2012	56	 Concerted effort of KVK and line departments for holistic development. More diversification of production KVK should have more involvement in the RKVY programmes. Village seed production programmes of cultivars other than popular ones must be appraised for marketing beforehand. KVK may initiate bio-village programme under RKVY. 	-
			6. Low cost technologies should be promoted by KVK	

7. Farmers' filed samples should be collected by KVK personnel for better reproducibility.8. More no. of villages to be adopted.9. Farm implements may be demonstrated in the farmers	
field.	

Proceedings of the Ninth Scientific Advisory Committee held on Apr 12, 2012 - See Annexure - I

2. DETAILS OF DISTRICT (2010-11)

2.1 Major farming systems/enterprises (based on the analysis made by the KVK)

S. No	Farming system/enterprise
1.	Rice production system
2.	Fishery
3.	Poultry
4.	Goatary
5.	Duckery
6.	Rice -vegetable-Rice production system
7.	Jute-rice production system

2.2 Description of Agro-climatic Zone & major agro ecological situations (based on soil and topography)

S. No	Agro-climatic Zone	Characteristics
1.	New Alluvium	Average annual rainfall 1300-1600 mm,
		Soil type- sandy loam, clay and clay loam,
		Soil depth 4-6 ft with medium to good water holding capacity,
		Neutral to acidic soil with good fertility.
2.	Old Alluvium	Average annual rainfall 1300-1500 mm,
		Soil type- sandy loam and clay loam
		Soil depth 4-6 ft with medium to good water holding capacity
		Neutral to acidic soil with good fertility
3.	Red and Lateritic	Average annual rainfall 1100-1400 mm,
		Soil type- sandy loam, coarse in texture
		Undulating land with low soil depth, sometimes hard layer present in
		sub surface
		Medium to highly acidic soil

(Source: Dept. of Agriculture, Govt. of W.B.)

S. N	Agro ecological situation	Characteristics
1.	Agro ecological sub region 12.3	I Chhotonagpur Plateau and Garhjat hills, hot dry sub humid
	under the AES 12.0 (Eastern	ecosystem with red & laterite soils and LGP 150-180 days
	Plateau)	covering the blocks of Durgapur & Asansol. Main crops are,
		paddy, mustard, vegetables, pulse etc. The area covers
		186154 ha
		II. Moist and sub humid ecosystem with alluvial soil with LGP
		of 180-200 days covering the blocks of Burdwan (N),
		Burdwan (S), Kalna & Katwa, Main crops paddy, mustard,
		sesame, potato, jute, vegetables etc. The area covers 517532 ha

(Source: NBSS&LUP (ICAR),, 2008, Nagpur) 2.3 Soil tune/s

2.0	5011 type 5		
S. No	Soil type	Characteristics	Area in ha
1.	Gangetic alluvial	Soil order is entisols. Sandy loam to clay loam, fine in texture,	206423
		slightly acidic to neutral in reaction. Rich in potash and medium	
		to rich in available plant nutrients.	
2	Vindhya alluvial	Soil order is entisol Sandy loam to clay loam, fine to moderate	311000
		coarse in texture, acidic to neutral in reaction.	
3	Red and Lateritic	Soil orders are mainly alfisol and ultisol. Coarse gritty soil	186054
		blended with rock fragment, mainly acidic in nature, reddish in	
		color due to high level of iron, low in nitrogen, calcium,	
		phosphate and other plant nutrient.	

(Source: Dept. of Agriculture, Govt. of W.B., 2008)

S. No	Сгор	Area ('000 ha)	Production ('0000 q)	Productivity (q/ha)	
01	Aus paddy	14.6	44.6	30.47	
02	Aman pady	417.2	1365.5	32.73	
03	Boro paddy	207.2	558.4	26.95	
04	Wheat	2.2	4.8	21.99	
05	Pulses	1.3	1.1	8.80	
06	Oilseeds	42.0	42.1	10.01	
07	Jute & other fibres **	15.5	282.8	18.7	
08	Potato	43.4	921.2	212.49	
09	Chilli (dry)	2.6	3.7	14.13	
10	Ginger	0.1	0.3	18.87	

2.4. Area, Production and Productivity of major crops cultivated in the district

** Production in 1000 bales of 180 kg each & productivity in bales/ha

(Source: District statistical handbook, 2010, Bureau of Applied Economics & Statistics, Govt. of West Bengal) **2.5.** Weather data (Avg. of 5 years)

Month	Rainfall (mm)	Temp	erature ⁰ C	Relative Humidity (%)
		Maximum	Minimum	
April	72.9	30.8	17.1	88
May	84.0	34.2	18.2	87
June	23.8	33.2	17.3	85
July	280.0	28.4	19.3	89
August	234.2	34.0	24.0	91
September	201.2	34.0	23.0	88
October	156.3	33.4	20.6	86
November	7.9	31.0	16.7	85
December	5.0	31.0	11.2	79
January	16.2	25.2	6.9	76
February	8.8	28.6	10.7	78
March	25.8	32.2	12.9	81

(Source: Agricultural Directorate, Burdwan Dist, 2010-11)

2.6. Production and productivity of livestock, Poultry, Fisheries etc. in the district

Category	Population	Production	Productivity	
Cattle				
Crossbred	243633	464080 tonnes milk	280 kg milk / year	
Indigenous	1486985			
Buffalo	120356			
Sheep				
Crossbred				
Indigenous	175669	61.887 kg (wool)		
Goats	1408200	4000 MT (meat)		
Pigs				
Crossbred				
Indigenous	99931	420 MT (Meat)		
Rabbits				
Poultry				
Hens				
Desi	4624236	2672.40 lakh egg	85 no. eggs/year	
Improved				
Ducks	1778834			
Turkey and	27981			
others				
Fish				
Marine				
Inland	50448.19	36029.787	3250	
Prawn				

(Source: Livestock population, W.B., Animal Resources Development Department, 2009)

2	• /	Detuits 0	Operatio	nui ureu/ viiiuges		
S.N	Taluk	Block	Village	Major crops & enterprises	Major problem identified	Identified Thrust Areas
1	Dur gap ur	Kanksa	Keten (Ghosh para, Bauri para and Pan para)	Paddy, potato, mustard, sesame, lentil, vegetable, cattle, poultry, duck, goat, fish	Bio-physical Low productivity of all major crops • Non-availability of quality seed / planting materials • Marginal soil • Limited water resources for irrigation • Indiscriminate and inappropriate use of chemical fertilizer Inadequate descriptive/prolific breed of livestock Poor feed resources Socio- economic Lack of credit facilities Lack of awareness regarding good agronomic /husbandry practices Very restricted livelihood option	 Integration of good agronomic practices Providing quality seeds/planting materials Diversification of land use Soil health management like organic farming etc. Livestock productivity improvement and health care Efficient utilization of water bodies Entrepreneurship development
2	Dur gap ur	Galsi-I	Jaguli para (Mollap ara and Bauripa ra) Garamb	Kharif Paddy, boro paddy, mustard, cattle, poultry, duck, goat, fish	<u>Bio-physical</u> Low productivity of all major crops • Non-availability of quality seed materials • High cost involvement for major	 Providing quality seeds/planting material
	wan Nort h		a- Bhasap ur	kharif paddy, jute, potato, mustard, vegetable cattle, poultry, Goat, fish	 Indiscriminate and inappropriate use of chemical fertilizers Low input of organics & biofertiliser Lesser extent of crop diversification Low productivity of livestock & 	 Diversification of land use Entrepreneurship development Organic farming Health care
4.	Dur gap ur	Galsi-I	Manikb azar- Jharul	Paddy, potato, mustard, sesame, lentil, vegetable, cattle, poultry, duck, goat, fish	 poultry Poor feed resources <u>Socio-economic</u> Lack of credit facilities Inadequate house hold income generation 	 Improvement of women led vocations Popularization of balanced feeding practices

2.7 Details of Operational area / Villages

2.8	8 Priority thrust areas
S. N	Thrust area
1	Integration of good agronomic practices for cultivation of field and vegetable crops for vertical agricultural growth
2	Production of quality seeds/planting materials for major agricultural crops like rice, jute, mustard and vegetable and
	fruit crops
3	Diversification of land use through cultivation of vegetables and other horticultural crops
4.	Soil health management like organic farming etc.
5.	Livestock productivity improvement and health care
6.	Efficient utilization of water bodies through composite fish culture and improved management practices
7.	Entrepreneurship development for family income generation



TECHNICAL ACHIEVEMENTS

3. A. Details of target and achievement of mandatory activities by KVK during 2011-12

	0	FT		FLD				
1						2		
Num	ber of OFTs	Numb	er of farmers	Num	Number of FLDs		Number of farmers	
Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement	Target Achievement		Target	Achievement	
7	7	34 34		65	65	65	65	

Training					Extension	activities	
3				4			
Numbe	Number of Courses		Number of Participants		r of activities	Number	of participants
Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement	Target	Target Achievement		Achievement
-		-		, in the second s			
72	75	2313	2403	700	769	7500	9167

Seed proc	luction (q)	Planting material (Nos.)		
	5	6		
Target	Achievement	Target	Achievement	
250	250 (at KVK farm)	15000 nos. of tomato,	20000	
		brinjal etc.		
2500	2500 (at village)			

3.1. A Details of each On Farm Trial to be furnished in the following format
(Total number of OFT conducted – 06 Nos.)

OFT	1:	
1	Title of On farm Trial	Evaluation of performance of different varieties of jute under
	D 11 1	rainfed and medium upland situation of Burdwan district
2	Problem diagnose	Low productivity of jute due to non use of improved varieties
3	Details of technologies	Farmers' practice: JRO 524
	selected for	Technology - 1 to be assessed: JBO 2003H
	assessment/refinement	Technology - 2 to be assessed: JRO 8432
		Technology - 4 to be assessed: JRO 204
4	Source of Technology	CRIJAF
5	Production system and	Rainfed rice based production system
	thematic area	
6	Performance of the	JBO 2003H and JRO 524 produced significantly more fibre and
	Technology with	were at par than JRO 8432. JRO 524 (FP) yielded significantly less
	performance indicators	compared to all technology options.
7	Final recommendation	JRO 204 is to be promoted
	for micro level	
	situation	
8	Constraints identified	Seed is not easily available in the market
	and feedback for	
	research	
9	Process of farmers	Through training , demonstration, field day.
	participation and their	Farmers were very much encouraged by the performance of the
	reaction	newer varieties as well as the quality of the seeds
OFT	.	
	Z. Title of On form Trial	Accessment of performance of lentil under differing modes of
1		histortilization in modium unland situation of Buddwan
		district
2	Problem diagnose	Inadequate productivity
3	Details of technologies	Farmers' practice: Conventional lentil cultivation
5	selected for	Technology - 1 to be assessed: Rhizobiun seed inoculation + 75
	assessment/refinement	" $^{\circ}$ N + 100 % P and K
	assessment/remement	Technology - 2 to be assessed: <i>Rhizohium</i> soil inoculation + 75%
		N+100% P and K
1	Source of Technology	DPR
5	Production system and	Rainfed rice based production system
5	thematic area	Kanned nee based production system
6	Performance of the	Soil inoculation was more effective in increasing the productivity
U	Technology with	over seed inoculation and FP
	reennoregy min	
7	performance indicators	
	performance indicators Final recommendation	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level
	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level
	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation Constraints identified and feedback for	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level Rhizobium is not available in the market in large scale
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation Constraints identified and feedback for research	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level Rhizobium is not available in the market in large scale
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation Constraints identified and feedback for research Process of farmers	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level Rhizobium is not available in the market in large scale
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation Constraints identified and feedback for research Process of farmers participation and their	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level Rhizobium is not available in the market in large scale Through training , demonstration, field day. Farmers were very much encouraged by the performance of the
8	performance indicators Final recommendation for micro level situation Constraints identified and feedback for research Process of farmers participation and their reaction	Rhizobium culture should be used in micro level Rhizobium is not available in the market in large scale Through training , demonstration, field day. Farmers were very much encouraged by the performance of the newer varieties as well as the quality of the seeds

	OFT 3:								
1	Title of On farm Trial	Assessment of performance of lentil under differing biofertilization in medium upland situation of Burdwan district							
2	Problem diagnose								
3	Details of technologies selected	Farmers' practice: Conventional lentil cultivation							
	for assessment /refinement	Technology - 1 to be assessed: Rhizobium+ 75% N+100% P, K							
		Technology - 2 to be assessed: <i>VAM</i> + 75% P+100% N, K							
		Technology - 2 to be assessed: <i>Rhizobium</i> + <i>VAM</i> + 75%							
		N, P + 100% K							
4	Source of Technology	DPR							
5	Production system and thematic	Rainfed rice based production system							
	area								
6	Performance of the Technology	It was observed that conjunctive use of rhizobium and VAM							
	with performance indicators	augmented productivity to a significant extent while single use							
		of them were also beneficial compared to FP.							
7	Final recommendation for micro	Rhizobium and VAM culture should be used in micro level							
	level situation								
8	Constraints identified and	Rhizobium and VAM are not available in the market in large							
	feedback for research	scale							
9	Process of farmers participation	Through training , demonstration, field day.							
	and their reaction	Farmers were very much encouraged by the performance of the							
		newer varieties as well as the quality of the seeds							

OFT 4:

1.	Title of On farm Trial	Evaluation of different varieties of okra in Burdwan district
2.	Problem diagnose	Low productivity of okra due to non use of improved and hybrid varieties
3.	Details of technologies	Farmers' practice: local variety
	assessment/refinement	Technology - 1 to be assessed: Hybrid 1 (OH 597)
		Technology - 2 to be assessed: Hybrid 2 (152)
		Technology - 3 to be assessed: Hybrid 3 (Bhindi No.10)
4.	Source of technology	BCKV
5.	Production system	Rainfed rice based production system
6.	Performance of the Technology with performance indicators	Result indicated that Bhindi No. 10 yielded the most and it is the most cost-effective proposition. It also showed some tolerance against YVMV of okra
7.	Final recommendation for micro level situation	Farmers should replace existing varieties with hybrid varieties like Bhindi No. 10, 152 etc.
8.	Constraints identified and feedback for research	High cost and non availability of hybrid seeds
9.	Process of farmers	Through training and field level demonstration
	participation and their reaction	Farmers were satisfied with the performance of the technology.

OFT	5:
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1.	Title of On farm Trial	Evaluation of different seedling raising techniques on yield and mortality of tomato in Burdwan
2.	Problem diagnose	Low yield and high mortality is one of the common problems to the farmers due to conventional method of seedling raising.
3.	Details of technologies selected for	Farmers' practice: seedling raising in plain field
	assessment/refinement	Technology - 1 to be assessed: seedling raising in raised bed
		Technology - 2 to be assessed: seedling raising in potray
4.	Source of technology	BCKV
5.	Production system	Rainfed rice based production system
6.	Performance of the Technology with performance indicators	Result indicated that use of potray to raise the seedlings of tomato is very much effective to reduce the seedling mortality rate in the main field which is reflected in terms of yield and profitability of crop.
7.	Final recommendation for micro level situation	Farmers should use potrays or seedling raising trays to raise the seedlings.
8.	Constraints identified and	Initial cost is little higher and availability of such trays is difficult
	feedback for research	in local market.
9.	Process of farmers	Through training and field level demonstration
	participation and their	Farmers were satisfied with the performance of the technology.
	reaction	

OFT 6:

1	Title of On farm Trial	Evaluation of performance of different poultry breeds in Burdwan district under backyard farming.
2	Problem diagnose	Poor egg production in poultry birds is due to use of local, non descriptive breed
3	Details of technologies selected for	Farmers' practice: Local breed
	assessment/refinement	Technology 1 to be assessed: Rhold Island Red (RIR)
		Technology 2 to be assessed: Banaraja
4	Source of Technology	WBUAFS, Kolkata
5	Production system and	Livestock and poultry based production system, Breed evaluation
	thematic area	
6	Performance of the	Banaraja breed performed well in term of adoptability and growth rate
	Technology with	at this farming situation
	performance indicators	
7	Final recommendation for	Need further observation for one year
	micro level situation	
8	Constraints identified and	Males are more fighting in nature; Growth of banaraja birds impressed
	feedback for research	the farmers
9	Process of farmers	Through training , health camp and group discussion
	participation and their	Growth of the Banaraja is faster than RIR
	reaction	

OFT 7:

1.	Title of On farm Trial	Evaluation of performance of crop – fish – livestock integrated
		farming on improving aquatic niche based production system
2	Problem diagnose	Inefficient performance of available perennial pond based production
		system is due to non efficient utilization of natural resources
3	Details of technologies	Farmers' practice: Fish farming
	selected for	Technology - 1 to be assessed: Crop + fish + poultry * farming
	assessment/refinement	Technology - 2 to be assessed: Crop + fish + duck** farming
4	Source of Technology	BAU, Ranchi
5	Production system and	Fish based production system, Integrated farming approach
	thematic area	
6	Performance of the	Best performance of integrated production system was observed
	Technology with	through cultivation of tissue culture banana in bund area and pasture
	performance indicators	feed poultry rearing as meat purpose with IMC fish cultivation in
		pond.
7	Final recommendation for	Integrated approach through Crop + fish + poultry rearing was
	micro level situation	performed better among all others combination.
8	Constraints identified and	It is labour intensive and need excess attention of farmers. It ensure
	feedback for research	better returns within a short period of time and area. One enterprise
		serves as insurance for the others.
9	Process of farmers	Through training and awareness camp.
	participation and their	
	reaction	

3. 1. B. TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT AND REFINEMENT IN DETAIL

OFT 1: Varietal trial

Problem definition: Low productivity of jute due to non use of improved varieties

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Introduction of improved varieties of jute

The district of Burdwan is a minor jute growing district of West Bengal with only 15 thousand odd hectares under the crop having average productivity around 19 q/ha. The principal jute area is concentrated on the eastern fringes of the district in blocks of Katwa and Ketugram. Though jute is also practiced in fairly regular basis in villages located on or near the banks of river Damodar, which marks the southern boundary of the district. Jurjuti-Bajpara is one such village in Galsi – II block of the district. Productivity of jute, as divulged by villagers is on the decline due to non availability of improved varieties as well as good quality seed.

The On Farm Trial was conducted in five farmers' fields, namely Nityananda sarkar, Sarat Roy, Bhabani Bala, Sribas Adhikari and Manabendra Adhikari, each of them considered as a replication. Results indicated that JBO 2003H and JRO 204 attained more height and were at par compared to JRO 524 (FP) and JRO 8432. Evaluation of base diameter indicated that JRO 204 significantly yielded more thinner plants compared to other technology options and FP. As regards productivity JBO 2003H and JRO 524 produced significantly more fibre and were at par than JRO 8432. JRO 524 (FP) yielded significantly less compared to all technology options.

Technology option	No. of	Yield component		Yield (q/ha)	Cost of cultivation (Rs./ha)	Gross return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	BC Ratio
	trials	Plant height (cm)	Base diameter (cm)					
FP: JRO 524		265ª	1.46 ^b	29.50 ^a	36250	61950	25700	1.71
TO1:JRO 8432	5	284 ^b	1.37ª	33.13 ^c	36250	69563	33313	1.92
TO2:JBO 2003H	Ŭ	271ª	1.40 ^b	31.13 ^b	36250	65363	29113	1.80
TO3:JRO 204		282 ^b	1.34ª	32.81°	36250	68906	32656	1.90

Table 1.B: Yield performance of different variety of jute

OFT2: Assessment of performance of *lentil* under differing modes of biofertilization in medium upland situation of Burdwan district **Problem definition**: Poor productivity of lentil

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Biofertilization in lentil

Burdwan is a minor pulse growing district of Burdwan. Among the pulse crops grown, lentil is the major one. Productivity of lentil is rather poor which can be ascribed to imbalanced use of fertilizers coupled with a general antipathy towards use of biofertilisers. With this in mind the present OFT was formulated where lentil specific *Rhizobium* supplemented inorganic N along with balanced use of nutrients. It was observed that soil inoculation was more effective in increasing the productivity.

The overall productivity level, although, was much less due to off-season torrential rain and subsequent crop damage.

Technology option	No. of	Yield	Cost of cultivation	Gross return	Net Return (Rs / ha)	BC Ratio
	trials	(q/ha)	(Rs./ha)	(Rs./ha)		
TO 1: Farmers' practice	7	6.26 ^a	12375	18767	6392	1.52
TO 2: <i>Rhizobium</i> seed inoculation + 75% N+100% P and K		6.60 ^{ab}	12750	19787	7037	1.55
TO 3: Rhizobium soil inoculation + 75% N+100% P and K		6.84 ^b	12750	20533	7783	1.61

Table 2.B: Yield performance of lentil under differing modes of biofertilization

OFT3: Assessment of performance of *lentil* under differing biofertilization in medium upland situation of Burdwan district

Problem definition: Poor productivity of lentil

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Biofertilization in lentil

Burdwan is a minor pulse growing district of Burdwan. Among the pulse crops grown, lentil is the major one. Productivity of lentil is rather poor which can be ascribed to imbalanced use of fertilizers coupled with a general antipathy towards use of biofertilisers. With this in mind the present OFT was formulated where lentil specific *Rhizobium* which supplemented inorganic N and vascular arbascular mycorrhizae which supplemented P was used along with balanced use of nutrients. It was observed that conjunctive use of rhizobium and VAM augmented productivity to a significant extent while single use of them were also beneficial compared to FP.

The overall productivity level, although, was much less due to off-season torrential rain and subsequent crop damage.

Technology option	No. of trials	Yield (q/ha)	Cost of cultivation Rs./ha)	Gross return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	BC Ratio
TO 1: Farmers' practice	5	6.04ª	12375	18126	5751	1.46
TO 2: <i>Rhizobium</i> + 75% N+100% P, K		6.66 ^b	12750	19968	7218	1.57
TO 3: VAM+ 75% P+100% N, K		6.87 ^{bc}	13125	20616	7491	1.57
TO4: <i>Rhizobium</i> + <i>VAM</i> + 75% N, P + 100% , K		7.32 ^c	13500	21960	8460	1.63

Table 3.B: Yield performance of rice in different methods of cultivation

OFT 4: Vareital trials

Problem definition: Low productivity of okra due to non use of improved and hybrid varieties

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): introduction of hybrid varieties of okra

The use of local varieties is the main cause of low yield of okra. At the same time high susceptibility of such cultivar to YVMV also reduce the yield potentiality of okra. The object of the OFT was to show the farmers that hybrid varieties can augment yield to a substantial extent. Besides, use of hybrid can tolerate the YVMV that is also a point to be established. Three different hybrid was tried among them Bhindi No. 10 was best in respect of yield as well as tolerant to YVMV.

Technology option	No. of trials	Data related to problem addressed	Yield component	Yield (q/ha)	Cost of cultivatio	Gross return	Net Return (Rs/ha)	BC Ratio
		YVMV Disease incidence	s		n (Rs./ha)	(Rs./ha)	,	
		(%)						
Farmers' practice: local variety	10	23.4		80	20000	48000	28000	2.4
TO 1: Hybrid 1 (OH 597)		13.6		110	25450	66000	40550	2.59
TO2 : Hybrid 2 (152)		14.2		120	25450	72000	46550	2.82
TO3: Hybrid 3 (Bhindi No.10)		11.5		125	25450	75000	49550	2.94
CD(P=0.05)		3.45		4.23				

Table 4.B: effect of yield on using of improved varieties of okra

OFT 5: Seedling raising techniques

Problem definition: Low yield and high mortality is one of the common problems to the farmers due to conventional method of seedling raising.

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Introduction of potrays or seedling raising trays to raise the tomato seedlings.

Transplanting of seedlings along with the root ball intact is possible by using potrays. It was observed from the study that seedling mortality was considerably reduced by using seedlings raised in potrays in comparison to farmers practice (in flat beds) or seedlings raised in raised beds. Seedlings from potrays were early to establish in the main field which ultimately expressed in terms of yield and profitability. Use of potrays also reduces the requirement of seeds.

Technology option	No. of trials	Data related to problem addressed Seedling mortality rate (%)	Yield component s	Yield (q/ha)	Cost of cultivatio n (Rs./ha)	Gross return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	BC Ratio
Farmers'practice: seedling raising in plain field		6.72		28.20	61790	131000	69210	2.12
TO1: seedling raising in raised beds	10	5.60		29.14	61470	142000	80530	2.31
TO2 : seedling raising in potrays		1.67		33.60	68700	185000	116300	2.69
CD(P=0.05)		1.06		3.21				

Table 5.B.: Effect of seedling raising techniques on yield and mortality of tomato

OFT 6: Poultry breed Evaluation under backyard farming.

Problem definition: Poor egg production in poultry birds is due to use of local, non descriptive breed

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Adoption of improved rural poultry breed

Rural poultry breeds were evaluated under backyard management practices by KVK Burdwan. The trail was conducted with Local breed, Banaraja and RIR. The trail is continuing and the birds are in laying condition. Only 6 months egg production data have been presented but adoptability and growth rate of Banaraja breed are very much attractive to the farmers. The fighting habit of banaraja breed helps to adopt in rural free range farming situation in compare to RIR.

Technology Assessed	* Production per unit (Avg. egg production/hen/6 month)	Cost of rearing (Rs./hen)	Gross return (Rs./hen)	Net Return (Profit) in Rs. (hen/yr)	B:C Ratio (Gross return : cost)
Farmers' practice: Local	48	220	240	20	1.09
TO1= Rhold Island Red (RIR)	100	259	500	241	1.93
TO2= Banaraja	95	232	475	243	2.04

		, 0
Egg production (egg/hen/6 month	Age of 1 st laying (wk)	Wt at laying (kg)
48c	26 ^c	1.2 ^c
100ª	22 a	1.8 ^b
95 a	23 a	1.95ª
	Egg production (egg/hen/6 month 48c 100 ^a 95 ^a	Egg production (egg/hen/6 monthAge of 1st laying (wk)48c26c100a22 a95 a23 a

Table 6.B. : Effect of different technology options on egg production, age of 1st laving and wt at laving.

a b c values with different superscripts in a row differ significantly (p<0.05).

OFT 7: Integrated farming

Problem definition: Inefficient performance of available perennial pond based production system is due to non efficient utilization of natural resources

Technology assessed or refined (as the case may be): Resource utilization and generation of income from several enterprises

The main objective of integrated farming was utilization of all possible resource available to the farmer for maximization of income from different source and at the same time proper utilization of bund area. Best performance of integrated production system was observed through cultivation of tissue culture banana in bund area and pasture feed poultry rearing with IMC fish cultivation in pond in term of production and benefit cost ratio

Table 7.B. Data of	different inte	rventions und	ler Integrated	farming Systen
				- A -)

		Data rela	ted to problem	addressed	Poultry Vield	Duckery Vield					
Technology option	No. of trials	Fish yield q/ha	Tissue culture banana Yield q/ha	Vegetabl e yield q/ha	egg/bird/an num	egg/bird/an num	Cost of cultivation (Rs./ha)	Gross return (Rs./ha)	Net Return (Rs/ha)	BC Ratio	
FP: Farmers'					-						
practice (Fish		11.21	-	-		-	21350	50850	32025	1.5	
farming)	-										
TO1: Crop+		22.2	690	270	175	-	72000	182000	110000	2.52	
fish + poultry											
farming	7										
TO2: Crop+		21.1	680	257	-	158	74500	172000	97500	2.30	
fish + duck											
farming											
SEm <u>+</u>		0.65	0.23	0.45							
CD(P=0.05)		3.21	6.21	4.55							

Unit size was 1 ha, out of this 0.75 ha and 0.25 ha were pond and cultivable area, respectively. Unit size of poultry (RIR) and duck (KC) were 15 in nos. each.

3.2 Achievements of Frontline Demonstrations

A. Details of FLDs implemented during 2011-12 (Information is to be furnished in the following three tables for each category i.e. cereals, horticultural crops, oilseeds, pulses, cotton and commercial crops.)

S 1				Season and	Area (l	na)	No. of f	armers/c	lemonstrati	on	Reasons for
No	Crop	Thematic area	Technology Demonstrated	Season and	Proposed	Actual	SC	ST	Others	Total	shortfall in
140.				year							achievement
1.	Jute	Improved variety	JRO 204	Pre kharif 11	4	4	20	-	2	22	-
2.	Rice	Improved	SRI	kharif 11	3	3	1	-	12	15	-
		technology									
3.	Tissue	Production	Tissue cultured	Through out	1	1	5		5	10	
	culture	technology		the year							
	banana			(Kharif							
				sowing)							
4.	Rice bean	Fodder production	Improved production	Kharif 10	0.2	0.2	-	-	5	5	-
	(fodder)		technology								
5.	Mustard	IPM	IPM	Rabi 2011	1	1	1	-	9	10	-
6.	IFS	IFS	IFS	Year round	0.4	0.4	-	-	3	3	

Details of farming situation

Crop	Season	Farming situation	Soil type	Status of soil		Previous crop	Sowing date	Harvest date	Seasonal rainfall	No. of	
		(RF/Irrigated)		N (kg/ha)	P (kg/ha)	K (kg/ha)				(mm)	rainy days
Jute	Pre kharif 11	Irrigated	Sandy loam	232	43	195	Potato	16.4.11	8.8.11		
Rice	kharif 11	Irrigated	Clay loam	213	29	286	Fallow	25.6.11	10.11.10	-	-
Tissue culture banana	kharif 11	Irrigated	Clay loam				Crop standing, resu	ılt awaited			
Mustard	Rabi 11	Irrigated	Clay loam	205	24	275	Paddy	15.11.11	10.02.12		
Rice bean (fodder)	Kharif 10	Rainfed	Clay loam	230 - 315	27 - 45	215 - 320	Vegetables/ No crop	28.09.10- 29.09.10	05.11.10 - 14.12.10		
IFS	Year round			-	-	-	-		Year round		

Performance of FLD

Oilseeds:

Frontline demonstrations on oilseed crops

Creat	Thematic	Name of the	No. of	Area	Yield (q/ha)		Yield (q/ha)		Yield (q/ha)		%	*Econ	omics of (Rs.	demonstra /ha)	ation	*]	Economic (Rs./	s of check 'ha)	¢
Стор	Area	demonstrated	Farmers	(ha)	Demo	Check	Increase	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR				
Mustard	IPM	Cultural practice & control measures with chemical & botanicals	10	1	13.75	10.25	34.20	18750	44000	25250	2.34	22500	32800	10300	1.45				
Total			10	1	13.75	10.25	34.20	18750	44000	25250	2.34	22500	32800	10300	1.45				

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Pulses

Frontline demonstration on pulse crops

Cron	Thematic	Name of the	No. of	Area	Yield (q/ha)		Yield (q/ha)		%	*Econ	omics of (Rs.,	demonstra /ha)	ation	*]	Economic (Rs.,	s of check /ha)	2
Clob	Area	demonstrated	Farmers	(ha)	Demo	Check	Increase	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Maize, cotton and lentil as special programme

Frontline demonstration on maize, cotton and lentil

		Name of the			Yield (ɑ/ha)			*Economics of demonstration					*Economics of check				
Cron	Thematic	tochnology	No. of	Area	Area Yield (d/ha)		a lieid (d/na)		%		(Rs./	'ha)			(Rs./	ha)	
Стор	Area	domonstrated	Farmers	(ha)	Domo	Chark	Increase	Gross	Gross	Net	**	Gross	Gross	Net	**		
		demonstrated			Demo	CHECK		Cost	Return	Return	BCR	Cost	Return	Return	BCR		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-		
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Other crops

Category	Thematic area	Name of the	No. of	Area	Yield (q/ha) % Other		*Economics of demonstration				*]	Economics	of check				
and Crop		technology	Farmer	(ha)			change	paran	neters		(Rs.,	/ha)			(Rs./	ha)	
		demonstrated			Demons	Check	in	Demo	Check	Gross	Gross	Net	**	Gross	Gross	Net	**
					ration		yield			Cost	Return	Return	BCR	Cost	Return	Return	BCR
							Cereals		•								
Rice	Production	SRI	15	3	71.6	53.6	34	Please	see the	32250	77328	45078	2.40	30500	57888	27388	1.90
	technology							tables	below								
Flower crops	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fodder crops	Varietals trial	Bidhan 1	5	0.2	239.8	194	23.6			6419	13189	6770	2.05	6350	10670	4320	1.68
(Rice bean)																	
Fibre crops	Varietals trial	Improved	22	4	33.4	25.2	33	Please	35600	76820	41220	2.16	35200	57960	22760	1.65	
(Jute)		variety						see									
								the									
								tables									
								below									
Others	Production	Improved	10	1						Resi	ılt awaite	d					
(Tissue	technology	variety (G 9)															
cultures																	
banana)																	
	Tot	tal	83	9.7													

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

• Data on parameters: Jute (Improved variety: jro 204)

Crop	Parameters	Data on parameter in relation to technology demonstrated						
		Demo	Local					
Jute	Plant height (cm)	294	254					
	Base diameter (cm)	1.21	1.32					

* Data on parameters: Rice (SRI)

Crop	Parameters	Data on parameter in relation to technology demonstrated							
		Demo	Local						
Rice	Plant height (cm)	121.1	108.9						
	Effective tiller/hill	20.1	10.4						
	No. of filled grains/panicle	176	136						
	Panicle length (cm)	23.1	17.9						
	Test weight (g)	22.4	21.1						

* Data on parameters: Rice bean (as Fodder)

Сгор	Parameters	Data on parameter in relati demonstrated	on to technology
		Demo	Local
Rice bean	Leaflet length (cm)	11.32	7.82
	Leaflet width (cm)	8.19	5.34
	Total yield (q/ha)	240.2	193

Data on parameters: IPM in Mustard ٠

Crop	Parameters	Data on parameter in relation	on to technology demonstrated
		Demo	Local
Mustard	Mean Aphid Population (mean of 3 obs.)	9.37	20.5

Livestock

Category	Thematic area	Name of the	No. of	No.of	Major par	lajor parameters		Other parameter		*Economics)	*Economics of check					
		technology	Farmer	units		in		_						(Rs.)			
		demonstrated			Demons	Check	parameter	Demons	Check	Gross	Gross	Net	**	Gross	Gross	Net	**
					ration			ration		Cost	Return	Return	BCR	Cost	Return	Return	BCR
Cattle	Nutrition	Mineral mixture	10	10	410.9	291.7	40.8	-	-	4331	6445	2114	1.49	4045	4549	449	1.10
	management									Cow/lactation							
Cattle	Nutrition	Home made feed	10	10	432.5	293.0	47.6	-	-	4123	6312	2189	1.53	4100	4610	510	1.12
	management																
Buffalo	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poultry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
goat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Duckery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			20	20													

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone. ** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

• *Milk yield (kg/lactation).

• **Birth wt of kid in gm./kid)

Fisheries

Category	Thematic	Name of the	No. of	No.of	Maj	or	% change	Other par	rameter	*Ecor	iomics of	demonstr	ation	*	Economic	s of check	(
	area	technology	Farmer	units	param	eters	in major				(Ks	5.)			(13	5.)	
		demonstrated			Demons	Check	parameter	Demons	Check	Gross	Gross	Net	**	Gross	Gross	Net	**
					ration			ration		Cost	Return	Return	BCR	Cost	Return	Return	BCR
	r	Гotal															

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Other enterprises

	Name of the	No. of	No.of	Maj	Major % change		% change Other parameter			nomics of ((Rs.) or I	demonstra Rs /unit	ation	*Economics of check (Rs.) or Rs./unit				
Category	technology demonstrated	Farmer	units	Demons ration	Check	in major parameter	Demons ration	Check	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	** BCR	
Oyster	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
mushroom																	
Button	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
mushroom																	
Vermicompost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sericulture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Apiculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(pl.specify)																	
	Total																

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone.

** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Women empowerment

Category	Name of technology	f No. of KVKs	No. of demonstrations	Name of observations	Demonstration	Check
Women	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pregnant women	-	-	-	-	-	-
Adolescent Girl	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other women	-	-	-	-	-	-
Children	-	-	-	-	-	-
Neonats	-	-	-	-	-	-
Infants	-	-	-	-	-	-
Children	-	-	-	-	-	-

Farm implements and machinery

Name of the	Crop	Name of the technology	No. of	No. of	Area	Filed obs (outpu hor	ervation t/man ır)	% change in	Labo	r reductio	on (man o	days)	Cost reduction (Rs./ha or Rs./Unit ect.)			
implement	-	demonstrated	KVKS	Farmer	(na)	Demons ration	Check	major parameter								
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Economics to be worked out based total cost of production per unit area and not on critical inputs alone. ** BCR= GROSS RETURN/GROSS COST

Demonstration details on crop hybrids

Сгор	Name of the Hybrid	No. of farmers	Area (ha)	Yield (kg/ha) / r	najor parar	neter	Economics (Rs,/ha)			
				Demo	Local check	% change	Gross Cost	Gross Return	Net Return	BCR
Cereals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bajra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maize	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paddy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sorghum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wheat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others (pl.specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oilseeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Castor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mustard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Safflower	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sesame	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sunflower	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Groundnut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Soybean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pulses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Greengram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Blackgram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bengalgram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Redgram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others (pl.specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vegetable crops	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bottle gourd	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capsicum	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cucumber	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tomato	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brinjal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Okra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Onion	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Potato	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Field bean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coconut	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others (pl.specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fodder crops	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Napier (Fodder)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maize (Fodder)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NB: Attach few good action photographs with title at the back with pencil

Analytical Review of component demonstrations (details of each component for rainfed / irrigated situations to be given separately for each season)

Crop	Season	Component	Farming situation	Average yield (q/ha)	Local check (q/ha)	Percentage increase in productivity over local check
Jute	Pre kharif,2010	1. Seed/Variety	Medium upland	325	273	26
		2. Bio-fertilizer				
		3. Fertilizer management				
Brinjal	Rabi 2010	Insect management	Medium upland	246.5	231	6.7
Jute	Pre kharif,2010	5. Combination of components (Line sowing)	Medium upland	281	264	9

Technical Feedback on the demonstrated technologies

S. N.	Сгор	Feed Back
1.	Jute (Improved variety)	High yield and good quality fibre
2.	Rice (Production technology)	Cono weeder is not very effective in clay to clay loam soils. Herbicide can be effective for weed management. In such case row transplanting would not be required leading to reduced cost of cultivation.
3.	Mustard (IPM)	Pest controlled significantly and got high yield
4.	Cattle (home made feed)	Malnutrition checked to some extent and milk yield higher
5.	Cattle (Mineral mixture)	Wt. of calf increased and calving interval reduced
6.	Rice bean (package)	Better yield

Farmers' reactions on specific technologies

S. No	Crop	Feed Back
1.	Jute (Weed management)	Annexure III
2.	Rice (Production technology)	Annexure IV
3.	Mustard (IPM)	Annexure V
4.	Cattle (home made feed)	Annexure VI
5	Cattle (Mineral mixture)	Annexure VII
6.	Rice bean (package)	Annexure VIII

Extension and Training activities under FLD

S. N.	Activity	No. of activities organised	Dates	Number of participants	Remarks
1	Field days	4			
2	Farmers Training	8			
3	Media coverage				

3.3 Achievements on Training (Including the sponsored and FLD training programmes): A. ON Campus

	No. of No. of Participants										
Thematic Area	Courses	O	THERS	5		SC			ST		Grand
		Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Total
I Crop Production											
Weed Management											
Resource Conservation Technologies	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Cropping Systems											
Crop Diversification											
Integrated Farming											
Water management											
Seed production											
Nursery management											
Integrated Crop Management											
Fodder production											
Production of organic inputs											
Others, if any											
II Horticulture											
a) Vegetable Crops											
Production of low volume & high value											
crops											
Off-season vegetables											
Nursery raising											
Exotic vegetables like Broccoli											
Export potential vegetables											
Grading and standardization											
Protective cultivation (Green Houses,											
Shade Net etc.)											
Others, if any											
b) Fruits											
Training and Pruning											
Layout and Management of Orchards											
Cultivation of Fruit											
Management of young plants/orchards											
Rejuvenation of old orchards											
Export potential fruits											
Micro irrigation systems of orchards											
Plant propagation techniques											
Others, if any											
c) Ornamental Plants											
Nursery Management											
Management of potted plants											
Export potential of ornamental plants											
Propagation techniques of Ornamental Plants											
Others, if any											
d) Plantation crops											
Production and Management technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
e) Tuber crops											
Production and Management											
technology											
Processing and value addition											

Others, if any							/ -)	(
f) Spices											
Production and Management											
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
g) Medicinal and Aromatic Plants											
Nursery management											
Production and management											
technology											
Post harvest technology and value											
addition											
UL Coil Hoolth and Fortility											
Management											
Soil fertility management											
Soil and Water Conservation											
Integrated Nutrient Management											
Production and use of organic inputs											
Management of Broblematic soils											
Micro putriont deficiency in grand											
Nicro nutrient deficiency in crops											
Nutrient Use Efficiency											
Soil and Water Testing											
Others, if any											
IV Livestock Production and											
Dairy Management								-		-	
Poultry Management											
Piggery Management											
Rabbit Management											
Disease Management											
Feed management											
Production of quality animal products											
Others if any											
V Home Science/Women											
empowerment											
Household food security by kitchen											
gardening and nutrition gardening											
Design and development of											
low/minimum cost diet											
Designing and development for high											
nutrient efficiency diet											
Minimization of nutrient loss in											
Conder mainstreaming through SUC-											
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Storage loss minimization techniques											
Income generation activities for	2	00	40	40	00	4 -	45	00	05	05	<u>(</u>)
Location enocific durid come reduction	2	00	40	40	00	15	15	00	05	05	60
technologies											
Rural Crafts											
Women and child care	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	20
Others if any	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30
VI Agril. Engineering											
irrigation systems											
Lieo of Plastics in farming practices											
Use of Flashes in farming practices								1			

Production of small tools and		1					/	(
implements											
Repair and maintenance of farm											
Small agala processing and value											
addition											
Post Harvest Technology											
Others if any											
VII Plant Protection											
Integrated Post Management	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	20
Integrated Disease Management	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Bio control of posts and discasso	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	20
Bio-control of pests and diseases	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
hio pesticides											
Others if any	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	20
VIII Fisheries	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Integrated fish forming											
										-	
Carp breeding and hatchery mgt.											
Carp fry and fingerling rearing											
Composite fish culture	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Hatchery management and culture of											
freshwater prawn											
Breeding and culture of ornamental fishes											
Portable plastic carp batchery											
Pen culture of fish and prawn											
Shrimp farming											
Edible oveter farming											
Poarl culture											
Fish processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
IX Production of Lenguis of site											
Cool Draduction of inputs at site											
Seed Production											
Planting material production											
Bio-agents production											
Bio-pesticides production											
Bio-fertilizer production											
Vermi-compost production	1	10	00	10	03	00	03	07	00	07	20
Organic manures production											
Production of fry and fingerlings											
Production of Bee-colonies and wax											
sheets											
Small tools and implements											
Production of livestock feed and fodder	2	05	05	10	05	05	10	00	00	00	20
Production of Fish feed											
Others, if any											
X Capacity Building and Group Dynamics											
Leadership development											
Group dynamics											
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Mobilization of social capital											
Entrepreneurial development of											
farmers/youths											
WTO and IPR issues											
Others, if any											
XI Agro-forestry											

Production technologies									,		
Nursery management											
Integrated Farming Systems											
XII Others (Pl. Specify)											
TOTAL	11	109	64	173	54	36	90	7	10	17	280
(B) RURAL YOUTH			r	1	-		-	-	1	-	
Mushroom Production	4	60	00	60	40	00	40	20	00	20	120
Bee-keeping											
Integrated farming											
Seed production	3	21	00	21	09	00	09	00	00	00	30
Production of organic inputs	1	10	00	10	03	00	03	07	00	07	20
Integrated Farming											
Planting material production											
Vermi-culture											
Sericulture											
Protected cultivation of vegetable crops											
Commercial fruit production											
Repair and maintenance of farm											
machinery and implements											
Nursery Management of Horticulture crops											
Training and pruning of orchards											
Value addition											
Production of quality animal products											
Dairying											
Sheep and goat rearing											
Quail farming											
Piggery											
Rabbit farming											
Poultry production	3	10	00	10	10	10	20	00	00	00	30
Ornamental fisheries	U	10		10	10	10					
Para vets											
Para extension workers											
Composite fish culture											
Freshwater prawn culture											
Shrimp farming											
Pearl culture											
Cold water fisheries											
Fish harvest and processing technology	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Fry and fingerling rearing	1		01	10	00	00		00	00	00	00
Small scale processing											
Post Harvest Technology											
Tailoring and Stitching											
Rural Crafts											
Others, if any											
TOTAL	12	115	4	119	68	16	84	27	0	27	230
(C) Extension Personnel									Ţ		
Productivity enhancement in field crops	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Integrated Pest Management		1									
Integrated Nutrient management											
Rejuvenation of old orchards											
Protected cultivation technology	1	15	00	15	15	00	15	00	00	00	30
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Carry Demonstration and former and		1			1		1	1			

organization											
Information networking among farmers											
Capacity building for ICT application											
Care and maintenance of farm											
machinery and implements											
WTO and IPR issues											
Management in farm animals	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Livestock feed and fodder production											
Household food security											
Women and Child care											
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet											
designing											
Production and use of organic inputs											
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Any other	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	00	00	00	25
TOTAL	4	70	0	70	45	0	45	0	0	0	115

B. OFF Campus

	No. of	f No. of Participants									
Thematic Area	Courses	Ú	Others			SC			ST		Grand
		Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Total
I Crop Production											
Weed Management											
Resource Conservation Technologies	2	40	00	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Cropping Systems											
Crop Diversification											
Integrated Farming											
Water management											
Seed production	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	05	00	05	30
Nursery management	2	30	00	30	20	00	20	10	00	10	60
Integrated Crop Management											
Fodder production											
Production of organic inputs											
Others, if any	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
II Horticulture											
a) Vegetable Crops											
Production of low volume & high value											
crops											
Off-season vegetables											
Nursery raising	1	10	05	15	08	02	10	00	00	00	25
Exotic vegetables like Broccoli											
Export potential vegetables											
Grading and standardization											
Protective cultivation (Green Houses,											
Shade Net etc.)	2	40	00	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Others, if any	2	35	00	35	20	00	20	00	00	00	55
b) Fruits											
Training and Pruning											
Layout and Management of Orchards											
Cultivation of Fruit	1	10	05	15	08	02	10	00	00	00	25
Management of young plants/orchards											
Rejuvenation of old orchards											
Export potential fruits											
Micro irrigation systems of orchards											
Plant propagation techniques											
Others, if any											

c) Ornamental Plants			1				, eraj	(10			ĺ
Nursery Management											
Management of potted plants											
Export potential of ornamontal plants											
Propagation techniques of Ornamontal											
Plants											
Others if any											
d) Plantation groups											
Broduction and Management											
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others if any											
e) Tuber crops											
Production and Management											
technology	2	40	00	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Processing and value addition	_	10	00	10		00		00		00	00
Others, if any											
f) Spices											
Production and Management											
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
g) Medicinal and Aromatic Plants											
Nursery management											
Production and management											
technology											
Post harvest technology and value											
addition											
Others, if any											
III Soil Health and Fertility											
Management											
Soil fertility management	2	30	00	30	20	00	20	10	00	10	60
Soil and Water Conservation											
Integrated Nutrient Management											
Production and use of organic inputs											
Management of Problematic soils											
Micro nutrient deficiency in crops											
Nutrient Use Efficiency											
Soil and Water Testing	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Others, if any	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	00
IV Livestock Production and											
Management											
Dairy Management	3	20	10	30	25	35	60	00	00	00	90
Poultry Management											
Piggery Management											
Rabbit Management											
Disease Management	1	10	10	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Feed management	2	25	15	40	10	10	20	00	00	00	60
Production of quality animal products											
Others, if any											
V Home Science/Women											
empowerment											
Household food security by kitchen				1							
gardening and nutrition gardening											
Design and development of								_			
low/minimum cost diet											
Designing and development for high											
nutrient efficiency diet											
Minimization of nutrient loss in	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30

processing							/ - /	(-			
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Storage loss minimization techniques	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30
Value addition											
Income generation activities for											
empowerment of rural Women											
Location specific drudgery reduction											
technologies											
Rural Crafts											
Women and child care											
Others, if any											
VI Agril. Engineering											
Installation and maintenance of micro											
Irrigation systems											
Dise of Plastics in farming practices											
implements											
Repair and maintenance of farm											
machinery and implements											
Small scale processing and value					l						
addition											
Post Harvest Technology	2	28	12	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Others, if any											
VII Plant Protection											
Integrated Pest Management	2	35	00	35	20	00	20	00	00	00	55
Integrated Disease Management											
Bio-control of pests and diseases											
Production of bio control agents and											
bio pesticides											
Others, if any	5	95	00	95	55	00	55	00	00	00	150
VIII Fisheries											
Integrated fish farming	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Carp breeding and hatchery mgt.											
Carp rry and ingering rearing	2	36	05	41	11	08	19	00	00	00	60
Composite fish culture	3	49	09	58	18	14	32	00	00	00	90
freshwater prawn	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Breeding and culture of ornamental fishes											
Portable plastic carp hatchery											
Pen culture of fish and prawn											
Shrimp farming											
Edible oyster farming											
Pearl culture											
Fish processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
IX Production of Inputs at site											
Seed Production			1		İ	1					
Planting material production					l						
Bio-agents production			1								
Bio-pesticides production	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Bio-fertilizer production					1						
Vermi-compost production					1						
Organic manures production	1	15	00	15	15	00	15	00	00	00	30
Production of fry and fingerlings					1						
Production of Bee-colonies and wax					l						
sheets											
Small tools and implements											

CRILAE (ICAR)

				Вι	ırdwa	n KVK	, CRIJ	AF (IC	CAR)		
Production of livestock feed and fodder	1	10	05	15	10	05	15	00	00	00	30
Production of Fish feed											
Others, if any											
X Capacity Building and Group Dynamics											
Leadership development											
Group dynamics											
Formation and Management of SHGs											
Mobilization of social capital											
Entrepreneurial development of											
farmers/youths											
WTO and IPR issues											
Others, if any											
XI Agro-forestry											
Production technologies											
Nursery management											
Integrated Farming Systems											
XII Others (Pl. Specify)											
	44	661	114	775	382	108	490	25	10	35	1300
(B) RURAL YOUTH	[1	1	1							
Mushroom Production											
Bee-keeping											
Integrated farming											
Seed production	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	05	00	05	30
Production of organic inputs											
Integrated Farming											
Planting material production											
Rabbit farming											
Poultry production											
Ornamental fisheries											
Para vets											
Para extension workers											
Composite fish culture											
Freshwater prawn culture											
Shrimp farming											
Pearl culture											
Cold water fisheries											
Fish harvest and processing technology											
Fry and fingerling rearing											
Small scale processing											
Post Harvest Technology											
Tailoring and Stitching											
Rural Crafts											
Others if any											
TOTAL	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	05	00	05	30
(C) Extension Personnel	1	13	00	13	10	00	10	0.5	00	0.5	50
Productivity enhancement in field crops											
Integrated Pest Management											
Integrated Nutrient management											
Rejuvenation of old orchards											
WTO and IPR issues											
Management in farm animals											
Livestock feed and fodder production						-					
Household food security											
Women and Child care											

Low cost and nutrient efficient diet						
designing						
Production and use of organic inputs						
Information networking among farmers						
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs						
Any other (Pl. Specify)						
TOTAL						

C) Consolidated table (ON and OFF Campus)

Thematic Area	No. of Participants										
	Courses		Others	6		SC			ST		Grand
		Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Μ	F	Т	Total
(A) Farmers & Farm Women											
I Crop Production											
Weed Management											
Resource Conservation Technologies	3	60	00	60	30	00	30	00	00	00	90
Cropping Systems											
Crop Diversification											
Integrated Farming											
Water management											
Seed production	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	05	00	05	30
Nursery management	2	30	00	30	20	00	20	10	00	10	60
Integrated Crop Management											
Fodder production											
Production of organic inputs											
Others, if any	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
II Horticulture											
a) Vegetable Crops											
Production of low volume & high value											
crops											
Off-season vegetables											
Nursery raising	1	10	05	15	08	02	10	00	00	00	25
Exotic vegetables like Broccoli											
Export potential vegetables											
Grading and standardization				12							10
Protective cultivation (Green Houses,	2	40	00	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Others if any	2	25	00	25	20	00	20	00	00	00	55
b) Fruits	2	55	00	- 55	20	00	20	00	00	00	
Training and Pruning											
Lavout and Management of Orchards											
Cultivation of Fruit	1	10	5	15	08	02	10	00	00	00	25
Management of young plants/orchards	1	10	5	15	00	02	10	00	00	00	25
Rejuvenation of old orchards											
Export potential fruits											
Micro irrigation systems of orchards											
Plant propagation techniques											
Others, if any											
c) Ornamental Plants											
Nursery Management											
Management of potted plants											
Export potential of ornamental plants											
Propagation techniques of Ornamental											
Plants											
Others, if any											
d) Plantation crops											

Production and Management								, ,	_ ,		
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
e) Tuber crops											
Production and Management	2	40	00	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
f) Spices											
Production and Management											
technology											
Processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
g) Medicinal and Aromatic Plants											
Nursery management											
Production and management											
technology											
Post harvest technology and value											
Others if any											
UI Soil Hoolth and Fortility											
Management											
Soil fertility management	2	30	00	30	20	00	20	10	00	10	60
Soil and Water Conservation		50	00	50	20	00	20	10	00	10	00
Integrated Nutrient Management											
Production and use of organic inputs											
Management of Problematic soils											
Miana participat deficience an in groups											
Nicro nutrient deficiency in crops											
Nutrient Use Efficiency	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	20
Soil and Water Testing	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Others, if any											
IV Livestock Production and											
Dairy Management	2	20	10	20	25	25	(0)	00	00	00	00
Paultry Management	3	20	10	30	25	35	60	00	00	00	90
Piggory Management											
Piggery Management											
Disease Management		10	1.0	• •	1.0						
Disease Management	1	10	10	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Feed management	2	25	15	40	10	10	20	00	00	00	60
Production of quality animal products											
Others, if any											
V Home Science/Women											
Household food security by kitchen											
gardening and nutrition gardening											
Design and development of											
low/minimum cost diet											
Designing and development for high											
nutrient efficiency diet											
Minimization of nutrient loss in	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30
processing											
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs											
Storage loss minimization techniques	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30
Value addition			1								
			6								
	7	00	0	160	00	50	00	00	00	00	210
Income generation activities for	2	00	40	40	00	15	15	00	05	05	60
empowerment of rural Women		1			1		1				

Location specific drudgery reduction								, i			
technologies											
Rural Crafts			1								
	_		6			- 0					
X47 1 1 1 1	7	00	0	160	00	50	00	00	00	00	210
women and child care	1	00	15	15	00	10	10	00	05	05	30
Others, if any											
VI Agril. Engineering											
Installation and maintenance of micro											
irrigation systems											
Use of Plastics in farming practices											
Production of small tools and											
Repair and maintenance of farm											
machinery and implements											
Small scale processing and value											
addition											
Post Harvest Technology	2	28	12	40	20	00	20	00	00	00	60
Others, if any											
VII Plant Protection											
Integrated Pest Management	3	55	00	55	30	00	30	00	00	00	85
Integrated Disease Management											
Bio-control of pests and diseases	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Production of bio control agents and	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	
bio pesticides											
Others, if any	6	115	00	115	65	00	65	00	00	00	180
VIII Fisheries											
Integrated fish farming	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Carp breeding and hatchery mgt.											
Carp fry and fingerling rearing	2	36	05	41	11	08	19	00	00	00	60
Composite fish culture	4	63	13	76	24	20	44	00	00	00	120
Hatchery management and culture of											
freshwater prawn	1	14	04	18	06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Breeding and culture of ornamental											
fishes											
Portable plastic carp hatchery											
Pen culture of fish and prawn											
Shrimp farming											
Edible oyster farming											
Pearl culture											
Fish processing and value addition											
Others, if any											
IX Production of Inputs at site											
Seed Production											
Planting material production											
Bio-agents production											
Bio-pesticides production	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	00	00	30
Bio-fertilizer production											
Vermi-compost production	1	10	00	10	03	00	03	07	00	07	20
Organic manures production	1	15	00	15	15	00	15	00	00	00	30
Production of fry and fingerlings		1									
Production of Bee-colonies and wax		1									
sheets											
Small tools and implements											
Production of livestock feed and fodder	3	15	10	25	15	10	25	00	00	00	50
Production of Fish feed											
Others, if any											-
X Capacity Building and Group											
Dynamics		1					1	1			

Leadership development		1						Ĺ		-)		
Group dynamics												
Formation and Management of SHGs												
Mobilization of social capital												
Entrepreneurial development of												
farmers/youths								_				
WTO and IPR issues												
Others, if any												
Al Agro-forestry								_				
Production technologies												
Integrated Farming Systems								_				
XII Others (Pl. Specify)												
TOTAL				126				_				
	69	770	498	8	436	244	580		32	20	52	2000
Rural Youth												
Mushroom Production	4	60	00	60		40	00	40	20	00	20	120
Bee-keeping												
Integrated farming	4	36	00	36		19	00	19	05	00	05	60
Seed production												
Production of organic inputs	1	10	00	10		03	00	03	07	00	07	20
Integrated Farming												
Planting material production												
Vermi-culture												
Sericulture												
Protected cultivation of vegetable crops												
Commercial fruit production												
Repair and maintenance of farm												
machinery and implements												
Nursery Management of Horticulture												
Training and pruning of orchards			_									
Value addition												
Production of quality animal products			-	-								
Dairving				-								
Shoon and goat roaring				-								
Quail farming				-								
Piggory												
Pabhit farming												
Rabbit farming Poultry production	-	10		10		10	10	•				20
Ornamental fisheries	3	10	00	10		10	10	20	00	00	00	30
Para voto												
Para ovtonsion workers												
Composite fish culture												
Eroshwator prawn culturo												
Shrimp forming												
Cold water fisheries			_									
Cold water fisheries	1	14	0.1	10		06	06	10	00	00	00	20
Fish harvest and processing technology	1	14	04	18		06	06	12	00	00	00	30
Fry and fingerling rearing												
Dest Harrist Taskaslars												
Toiloring on d Chitching			_									
Princip and Stitching			_									
Chara if any												
Others, if any												

	Burdwan KVK, CRIJAF (ICAR)											
TOTAL	13	130	4	134	78	16	94	32	0	32	260	
(C) Extension Personnel												
Productivity enhancement in field crops									0			
	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	0	00	30	
Integrated Pest Management												
Integrated Nutrient management												
Rejuvenation of old orchards												
Protected cultivation technology	1	15	00	15	15	00	15	00	0 0	00	30	
Formation and Management of SHGs												
Group Dynamics and farmers												
organization												
Information networking among farmers												
Capacity building for ICT application												
Care and maintenance of farm												
machinery and implements												
WTO and IPR issues												
Management in farm animals									0			
	1	20	00	20	10	00	10	00	0	00	30	
Livestock feed and fodder production												
Household food security												
Women and Child care												
Low cost and nutrient efficient diet												
designing												
Production and use of organic inputs												
Gender mainstreaming through SHGs												
Any other (Pl. Specify)	1	15	00	15	10	00	10	00	0	00	25	
									0			
TOTAL	4	70	0	70	45	0	45	0	0	0	115	

Date	Clientele	Title of Training	Duration Venue Number of participants in days		ipants	Num	ber of SC	/ST		
			in duys		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
13.07.11	PF	Improved production technology of Jute	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
08.07.11,	PF	Rice cultivation through SRI	2	Off	60	00	60	20	00	20
19.07.11										
21.07.11	PF	Rice cultivation through SRI	1	On	30	00	30	10	00	10
19.07.11	EF	Rice cultivation through SRI	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
15.07.11	PF	Need for soil testing and soil test based fertilizer	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
		application								
13.07.11	PF	Use of fibre extractor in extraction of fibre	1	Off	30	0	30	10	00	10
08.09.11	PF	NADEP compost production	1	Off	30	00	30	15	00	15
13.09.11	RY	Paddy seed production technology	1	Off	30	00	30	15	00	15
08.09.11	RY	Vermicompost production at farmers level	1	On	20	00	20	10	00	10
30.11.11	PF	Vermicompost production at farmers level	1	On	20	00	20	10	00	10
28.11.11	PF	Improved fertilizer management in mustard	2	Off	60	00	60	30	00	30
&										
03.12.11	DE				20	00	20	45		45
11.07.11	PF	Seed treatment and nursery management of <i>kharif</i> paddy	1	On	30	00	30	15	00	15
21.07.11	PF	Seed treatment and nursery management of <i>kharif</i> paddy	1	Off	30	00	30	15	00	15
24.09.11	PF	Paddy seed production technology	1	Off	30	00	30	15	00	15
24.11.11	EF	Climate change and agriculture	1	On	25	00	25	10	00	10
				- 11						
25.07.11	PF	Nursery management in vegetable crops	1	Off	18	7	25	08	02	10
25.07.11	PF	Preparation of organic pesticides and its application	1	Off	30	0	30	10	00	10
15.07.11	PF	Use of mulch in horticultural crops	1	On	30	0	30	10	00	10
15.09.11	EF	Micro irrigation technology	1	On	30	00	30	15	00	15
27.07.11	PF	Improved cultivation of tissue culture banana	1	Off	18	07	25	08	02	10
19.09.11	PF	Improved production technology of tomato	1	Off	30	0	30	10	0	10
23.11.11	PF	Improved production technology of potato	1	Off	30	0	30	10	0	10
19.09.11,	RY	Seed production techniques of major vegetable crops	3	On	30	00	30	09	00	09
30.11.11									1	

Note: Please furnish the details of training programmes **as Annexure in the proforma** given below

& _T										
12.03.12										
15.09.11	PF	Production technology of cole crops in greenhouse	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
12.03.12	PF	Improved production technology of okra	1	Off	25	00	25	10	00	10
13.03.12	PF	Management of major pest and diseases of Cucurbits	1	Off	25	00	25	10	00	10
28.11.11	PF	Identification of major diseases of potato	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
16.07.11	PF	Care of new born kids	1	Off	10	20	30	10	20	30
23.07.11	PF	Poisonous plants and their effect on animal health	1	Off	20	10	30	10	05	15
24.12.11	PF	Care and handling of day old chicks	1	Off	15	15	30	05	10	15
24.09.11	PF	Animal shed disinfection	1	Off	20	10	30	10	00	10
16.07.11	PF	Techniques of paneer preparation	1	Off	08	22	30	00	10	10
27.08.11	PF	Cultivation techniques of rice bean	2	On	10	10	20	05	05	10
&										
17.09.11										
20.08.11,	RY	Poultry rearing	3	On	20	10	30	10	10	20
27.08.11										
&										
17.09.11										
15.01.12	EF	New generation vaccine and immunization schedule for	1	On	30	00	30	10	00	10
		poultry								
03.12.11	PF	Home made cattle feed preparation	1	Off	20	10	30	10	05	15
03.12.11	PF	Feeding techniques of mineral mixture for dairy cow	2	Off	35	25	60	10	10	20
&										
17.12.11										
15 01 10	DE		1		20	10	20	0.6	0(10
15.01.12	PF	Schedule of fertilization and liming in fish culture ponds.	1	On	20	10	30	06	06	12
09.12.11	PF	Aquatic weeds and algal blooms in fish ponds, their	1	Off	25	05	30	07	05	12
00 10 11	DE	control and utilization	1	0((22	00	20	05	00	0
09.12.11	PF	Rearing pond preparation and management.	1	Off	22	08	30	05	03	8
12.12.11	PF	Disease management and prophylactic measures in	1	Off	22	08	30	05	03	8
00 10 11	DE	composite fish culture ponds	1	0((20	10	20	07	0(10
23.12.11	PF DE	Effects of filling in fish ponds	1	Off	20	10	30	06	06	12
13.03.12		Integrated duck-cum-fish farming in back yard pond	1	Off	20	10	30	06	06	12
03.01.12	KY	Induced breeding of Indian major carp	1	Un	20	10	- 30	06	06	12

23.12.11	PF	Monoculture of freshwater Prawn	1	Off	20	10	30	06	06	12
24.03.12	PF	Preparation and management of nursery pond	1	Off	25	05	30	06	05	11
19.07.11	PF	Integrated Pest Management (IPM) in rice	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
23.07.11	PF	Integrated Pest Management (IPM) in rice	1	On	30	00	30	10	00	10
21.07.11	PF	Pest management of jute	1	Off	30	00	30	20	00	20
03.01.12	PF	Pest management of Brinjal	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
21.09.11	PF	Pest Management through Bio-pesticides	1	On	30	00	30	10	00	10
23.11.11	PF	Pest Management in Potato	2	Off	60	00	60	15	00	15
&										
03.12.11										
24.11.11	PF	Pest Management in Mustard	1	On	30	00	30	10	00	10
12.12.11	PF	Pest Management in Mustard	1	Off	30	00	30	10	00	10
19.01.12-	RY	Improved Production Technology of Oyster Mushroom	4	On	120	00	120	60	00	60
23.01.12		Cultivation								
10.03.12	PF	Minimization of nutrients loss during processing food	1	Off	00	30	30	00	15	15
		products								
10.03.12	PF	Storage loss minimization of fruits and vegetables	1	Off	00	30	30	00	15	15
24.02.12,	PF	Hands on training for preparation of Jam, Jelly, Squash	2	On	00	60	60	00	20	20
25.02.12		and Pickles								
24.03.12	PF	Feeding of infant (after 5 months) with weaning food	1	On	00	30	30	00	15	15

Crop / Enterprise	Identified Thrust Area	Training title*	Duration (days)	Ра	No. c articip	of ants	Self	employed	l after training	Number of persons employed else where
				Μ	F	Total	Type of	No. of	Number of	
							units	units	persons employed	
Jute	Entrepreneurship	Preparation of jute	7	00	210	210	SHG	2	16	08
handicrafts	development	handicrafts								
Kantha	Entrepreneurship	Vocational training	7	00	210	210	SHG	2	16	10
stitch	development	on Preparation of								
		kantha stitch								

(D) Vocational training programmes for Rural Youth

(*)Training title should specify the major technology / skill transferred

(E) Sponsored Training Programmes

S.N				Demotion	Client	No. of			No.	of Partici	pants			Sacaria
	Title	Thematic area	Month	(days)	DE/DV/EE	courses	N	Aale	Fe	male		Total		Agency
				(uays)	ГГ/К І/ЕГ		Oth	SC/ST	Oth	SC/ST	Oth	SC/ST	Total	Agency
1.	Application of Pellet Feed	Composite fish	September,	1	PF	1	21	07	00	00	21	07	28	CIFA Reg.
	and its Management in	culture	2011											Centre,
	Carp Culture													Rahara
	Total			1		1	21	07	00	00	21	07	28	

3.4. Extension Activities (including activities of FLD programmes)

Nature of	No. of		Farmer	<u>, c</u>	Exte	nsion Offi	icials		Total	
Extension Activity	activities	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Field Day	9	210	60	270	-	-	-	210	60	270
Kisan Mela								0	0	
Kisan Ghosthi								0	0	
Exhibition	2	1200	350	1550	75	25	100	1275	375	1650
Film Show	30	750	255	1005	40	-	40	790	255	1045
Method	2	82	15	97	7	5	12			119
Demonstrations										
(jute fibre										
extractor/ cono										
weeder)								89	20	
Farmers Seminar	5	80	20	100	45	05	50	125	25	150
Workshop								0	0	
Group meetings								0	0	
Lectures delivered	7	255	100	355	35	15	50			405
as resource persons								290	115	
Newspaper	7									
coverage								0	0	
Radio talks								0	0	
TV talks	2							0	0	
Popular articles	3							0	0	
Extension	10	795	200	995						995
Literature								795	200	
Advisory Services	405	375	75	450				375	75	450
Scientific visit to	85	672	143	815						815
farmers field								672	143	
Farmers visit to	85	864	215	1079						1079
KVK								864	215	
Diagnostic visits	52	37	15	52				37	15	52
Exposure visits	5	175	60	235				175	60	235
Ex-trainees								-		
Sammelan								0	0	
Soil health Camp								0	0	
Animal Health	25	755	365	1120					a / =	1120
Camp				families				755	365	families
Agri mobile clinic								0	0	
Soil test campaigns	2	45	0	45				45	0	45
Farm Science Club	19	145	15	160	15	0	15			170
Conveners meet		10	110	150				160	15	450
Self Help Group	5	40	110	150						150
Conveners								40	110	
meetings	4	0	40	10				40	110	40
Mahila Mandals	4	0	42	42						42
Conveners								0	40	
Colobration of	(4) 2 6th	147	EQ	205				0	42	205
important days	(4) 20 ^{ar}	147	56	205						205
(specify)	January, 13 ^{ul}									
(specify)	World Vot									
	Day World									
	Food Dav							147	58	
Any Other	1 ccu Duy							0	0	
Technology week	1	112	63	175	_	-	-	112	63	175
SAC meeting	*	114		1/0				114		1/0
Total	769	6739	2161	8900	217	50	267	6956	2211	9167

Sl. No.	Crop	Variety	Quantity (q)	Value (Rs.)	Provided to No. of Farmers
CEREALS	Paddy	MTU 7029	2000		-
OILSEEDS					
PULSES					
VEGETABLES					
FLOWER CROPS					
OTHERS (Specify)					

3.5 *Production and supply of Technological products* a. Village seed

b. KVK farm

Sl. No.	Crop	Variety	Quantity (q)	Value (Rs.)	Provided
					to No. of
					Farmers
CEREALS	Paddy	MTU 7029	250	Not yet	t sold
	(Certified seed)				
PULSES					
VEGETABLES	Tomato seedling	Avinash 3	20000 nos.	14000	50
	Cauliflower	Early Kunwari	3000 nos.	9750	-
FLOWER CROPS					
Spices & plantation crop					
OTHERS (Specify)	-	-	-	-	-

PLANTING MATERIALS

Sl. No.	Crop	Variety	Quantity (Nos.)	Value (Rs.)	Provided to No. of Farmers
FRUITS					
SPICES					
VEGETABLES	Tomato Brinjal		23000	23750	50
FOREST SPECIES					
ORNAMENTAL CROPS					
PLANTATION CROPS					
Others (specify) 1					

Production of Bio-Products

Sl. No.	Product	Species	Qua	ntity	Value	Provided
	Name		No	(kg)	(Rs.)	to No. of Farmers
BIOAGENTS						
BIOFERTILIZERS						
BIO PESTICIDES						

Production of LIVESTOCK

Sl. No.	Туре	Breed	Quantity		Value	Provided to No. of
			(Nos	Kgs	(Rs.)	Farmers
Cattle						
SHEEP AND GOAT						
POULTRY						

3.6. Literature Developed/Published (with full title, author & reference)

(A) KVK News Letter (Date of start, Periodicity, number of copies distributed etc.)

(B) Literature develo	ped/published	:	Annexure II
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Item	Title	Authors name	Number
Research papers	-	-	4
Technical reports	-	-	-
News letters		-	-
Technical Bulletin	1. Seed production technology of vegetables	S. Sarkar, S.S. Kundu, F. H. Rahman and B. S. Mahapatra	CRIJAF/KVK/2012/4
	2. Greenhouse production of capsicum in subtropical plains of India	S. Sarkar, S.S. Kundu, F. H. Rahman and B. S. Mahapatra	CRIJAF/KVK/2012/5
	3. Technology for broiler production in hot and humid climate	C. Jana and F. H. Rahman	Bulletin no. 31/2012
Popular articles	Dhaner prodhan kayekti rog o tar protikar	S. Garai	2
	Paschimbange krishi projukti samprasarone prodhan charti ganamadhyam	S Garai	
Extension literature	1. Seed village and seed production	F.H. Rahman, D. Kumar & B.S.Mahapatra	10
	 Preparation of Vegetable seedling Organic pesticide preparation and its application 	S. Sarkar S. Sarkar	
	 System of rice intensification – an alternative system 	D. Ghorai	
	5. Pest and disease of paddy	S. Garai & SS Kundu	
	6. Vaccination schedule for animal	C. Jana	
	7. Rearing of Khaki Campbell duck	C.Jana	
	8. Preventive measures against PPR	C.Jana	
	9. Oyster mushroom – a profitable enterprise	S. Garaí	
	10. Ricebean-impact in animal nutrition	C. Jana	
Others (Pl. specify)			
TOTAL	Nineteen (19)		

C) Details of Electronic Media Produced :

S. No.	Type of media (CD / VCD /	Title of the programme	
	DVD/Audio-Cassette)		Number
1.			
2.			

D) Details of personnel development

Title of training/ winter school	Venue and date	Scientists attended
Seed quality control	National Seed Corporation, New Delhi,	Mr. S. S. Kundu
	23-27 th Aug. 2011	
Farm mechanization extension	SAMETI, Narendrapur, Kolkata, 12-14 th	Mr. S. S. Kundu
	March, 2012	

3.7 Success stories/Case studies, if any (two or three pages write-up on each case with suitable action photographs)

Success stories: Two Nos.

Sustainable Income through Integrated farming System

Integrated farming systems is based on the principle where the wastes from one operation can be used as input for other and reduce the risks as well as costs of production; improves soil fertility, provide balance nutrition and ensure enhanced holistic yields as well as income.

Krishi Vigyan Kendra Burdwan developed an integrated model and disseminated it through trainings and demonstrations. The IFS model consists of Crop + fish + poultry and Crop + fish + duck

farming technologies. Best performance of integrated production system was observed through cultivation of tissue culture banana in bund area and pasture feed poultry rearing as meat purpose with IMC fish cultivation in pond. The model was taken up by MGNREGS cell, Burdwan and it was replicated in five different blocks of the district with the technical backstopping of KVK.

Sk. Shoyeb Hossain is a marginal farmer-cumrural youth of village Jagulipara, Galsi-I of the district Burdwan. Although being a rural youth he has got a pragmatic view towards latest agricultural technologies and is keen to learn and as such he was chosen for developing the integrated farming system model in his backyard. He own one pond of 1 bigha with adjoining 1.5 bigha land including bund area. While the pond was mainly used for

household purposes like washing with irregular or no pisciculture, the land area was used for growing seasonal vegetables for meeting the household needs and as a result he was hardly having any meaningful income from the resources. He was extensively trained by KVK personnel towards developing the same system in his backyard which he accomplished with success. To start with he was supplied with tissues cultured banana plantlets, vegetable seedlings, ducklings and IMC fingerlings. He developed a good banana orchard intercropped with vegetables like chili,

tomato, brinjal, turmeric etc. Now he is earning an amount of Rs, 40,000/- yearly from his farm and inspiring other farmers to adopt this kind of intervention. He was awarded for his effort by ICAR during 2011.

It is worth mentioning here that this IFS model, developed by KVK, has gained such popularity in the area that the KVK has been entrusted by MGNREGS to replicate the same model in selected 200 ponds of the district. To start with KVK and state govt. personnel have selected initially 20 ponds in the blocks of Kanksa, Ausgram-1 & 2, Galsi- 1 & 2, Khandaghosh etc.

2. Supplementation of Region Specific Mineral Mixture for Deshi Cow

Brief description of the technology: Minerals (P, Zn, Cu, Mn, Ca & Fe) in feedstuff and soil of Burdwan district were estimated and found that daily diet of lactating cow were deficient in P, Zn, Cu & Mn. So, to overcome the deficiency and production losses an area specific mineral mixture, composed of sulphate salt of minerals, was formulated and supplemented. Higher milk yield has





been noticed with increased in fat % in supplemented group with enhancement of lactation period in deshi cow.

Mineral contents (copper, zinc, manganese, and iron) of the feeds & forages were estimated by AAS. Phoshphorus content was estimated colorimetrically. The program was formulated to develop a region specific mineral mixture for deshi cow by analyzing mineral status in locally available feed stuffs with the objective of improvement of productivity and reproduction efficiency. The trial was conducted in deshi cow (2nd lactation) under tradition feeding practices (3kg straw, 1 kg rice husk, 100 g oil cake and 20 g salt daily plus grazing) producing 1.8 to 1.9 kg milk/ day on an average having 3.2- 4.2 5 fat. The parameter on milk yield and fat % were analyzed but record keeping on calving interval is continuing as calving interval in deshi cow is 20-22 months.

The trial was then taken into FLDs taking 50 number of demonstration in different villages and results have been obtained so promising.

Impact of the practice: Now the farmers of the district are purchasing the mixture packet from the KVK and in some cases farmers are preparing their own and feeding their cattle @ daily mineral supplementation (25 g/day) which significantly improved milk yield (0.5 kg/ day/ cow) which also reduced calving interval.



3.8. Give details of innovative methodology or innovative technology of Transfer of Technology developed and used during the year

1. Productivity Augmentation through System of Rice Intensification

The methodology involves 10-12 day old seedling grown in raised beds, single seedling per hill, wider spacing (min. 25×25 cm), alternate wetting and drying of the main field until booting stage. The technology has been tried and recommended in case of *kharif* season only. It is recommended that organic matter/manure in any form (FYM, vermicompost, green manure, or any other) is to be supplemented with inorganic recommended fertilizer.

As very young seedlings are transplanted in this practice, rice plant can get more no. of phyllochrons thereby generating more tillers and ultimately more panicles. Also since single seedling is used in wider spacing, plants can thrive well having large volume of roots thereby taking up nutrients more efficiently than conventional practice. Alternate wetting and drying maintains soil health well and is conducive for proliferation of microbial flora and fauna, helpful for sound crop development. Although '*Cono weeder'* is recommended in case of SRI for weed management, our experience shows that new generation herbicides can serve the purpose effectively with only one manual weeding, if necessary.

2. Home feed preparation technology for dairy raisers : The technology for the preparation of Home made feed by using locally available feed ingredients has been disseminated through training and demonstration of the Feed mixture and feed grinder. The centre has created free access facility for using unit for preparing their own feeds as and when they need. By this way they are able to meet up the nutrition requirement of their livestock as well as they reduce the cost of milk/meat/egg production

3.9 Give details of indigenous technology practiced by the farmers in the KVK operational area which can be considered for technology development (in detail with suitable photographs)

S. N.	Crop / Enterprise	ITK Practiced	Purpose of ITK		
1	Goat and Cattle	Paste of leaves of kalmeg is made in water	Deworming for cattle and goat		
		which is drenched orally.			
2	Cattle	Leaves and twigs (20g) of neem are boiled in	To control Foot and mouth		
		water (1 liter) till the colour of leaves turn	disease in cattle		
		iarrhe. The decoction, after cooling, is			
		applied externally on the affected area			
3	Goat and Cattle	Paste of branch of lonka suti (2 for adult For treatment of iar			
		cow and 1 for goat) in semi-solid form is fed cattle and goat			
		to the affected animals for 2 days	-		
4	Goat and Cattle	Black pepper is mixed with ghee and fed to	For treatment of fever (HS) for		
		the affected animals.	cattle and goat		
5	Goat and Cattle	Paste of harjora is applied on the affected Setting of fractured bone			
		area which is fixed by using bamboo stick small and large animals			
6	Buffalo	Paste of raw turmeric and mustard cake is Swelling and pain in hu			
		applied on the affected area with rice glue buffalo			
		on back			
7	Paddy/ wheat	Dried neem leaves are placed in different	To check pest attack in		
		layers of grain during storage	paddy/ wheat during storage		

3.10 Indicate the specific training need analysis tools/methodology followed for

Identification of courses for farmers/farm women :

- Through multidisciplinary PRA method and Group discussion
- Rural Youth
 - Through multidisciplinary PRA method and Group discussion
- In-service personnel: Training and discussion using A/V aids

3.11 Field activities

- i. Number of villages adopted 5 so far (one during the year)
- ii. No. of farm families selected- 1257 *during the year*
- iii. No. of survey/PRA conducted- 5 (One PRAs during the year)
- 3.12. Activities of Soil and Water Testing Laboratory Status of establishment of Lab : Functioning
- 1. Year of establishment

: 2007- 2008

:

2. List of equipments purchased with amount

Name of the equipment	Qty	Cost (Rs.)
Flame photometer	One	29813.00
Spectrophotometer	One	46283.00
Shaker	One	20756.00
Hot air oven	One	5344.00
Hot plate	One	14000.00
Glass distillation unit	One	28000.00
Conductivity bridge	One	10000.00
pH meter	One	9360.00
Refrigerator	One	12350.00
Electronic balance	One	12375.00
Grinder	One	19500.00
Kjeldahl N semi auto analyzer	One	250474.00
Shaker	One	12000.00

3. Details of samples analyzed so far

Details of c	ampres analyzed bo			
Details	No. of Samples	No. of Farmers	No. of Villages	Amount realized
Soil Samples	310	150	10	-
Water Samples	40	45	7	-
Total	350	195	17	-

3.13 Activities of rain water harvesting structure and micro irrigation system

No of training	No of demonstrations	No of plant	Visit by the	Visit by the
programme		material	farmers	officials
		produced		
Four nos.	One demonstration unit at	-	200	10
(Micro irrigation)	KVK farm			
Four nos.	Two demo unit at KVK	-	200	30
(Rain water				
harvesting)				

3.14 Technology week celebration

Type of activities	No of activities	No. of participants	Related crop/livestock technology
Training	5	500	Greenhouse technology, Vermicompost, meat
			processing, entrepreneurship dev
Field visit	3	300	SRI, Micro irrigation, Greenhouse,
			vermicompost, animal feed preparation etc
Farmer-scientist	2	200	SRI technology, paddy seed production
interaction			

3.15 In RAWE programme is KVK is involved?

No of ARS trained	No of days stayed

3.16 NICRA Project

Programme	No. of village	No. of beneficiary	Amount of fund	Amount of fund
implemented	covered	covered	received	utilized

$3.17\ \text{List}$ of visitors including the officials of ZPD and DEE

Date	Name of the person	Purpose of visit
05.06.11	Dr. K. Narayana Gowda, Chairman, QRT/Hon'ble VC,	QRT visit
	UAS, Bengaluru	
05.06.11	Dr. M.S. Basu, Member, QRT	QRT visit
10.05.11	Prof. B. S. Mahapatra, Director, CRIJAF	KVK visit
05.06.11	Dr. A. K. Singh, ZPD, Zone-II, Kolkata	QRT visit
16.10.11	Prof. D. Dutta Roy, ISI, Kolkata	World Food Day
28.09.11	Dr. P. K. Mukhopadhyay, PS & Head, RRC, CIFA	Training programme
	(ICAR), Kolkata	
11.04.11	Dr. P. Palit, Pr. Scientist, CRIJAF(ICAR), Barrackpore	KVK visit
23.11.11	Mr. Sudhir Shah, Zonal Head, Mahindra & Mahindra	Training programme
	Ltd., New Delhi	
10.08.11	Mr. Shyamal Dutta, Dy. Director of Agri.(Adm.),	RKVY
	Burdwan	
16.10.11	Dr. B. Maity, Dy. Director, ARD, Burdwan	World Food Day

4. <u>IMPACT</u>

4.1. Impact of KVK activities (Not to be restricted for reporting period).

Name of specific technology/skill	No. of	% of	Change in income (Rs.)		
transferred	participants	adoption	Before	After	
			(Rs./Unit)	(Rs./Unit)	
Preparation of jute handicrafts	57	85	-	1600 p.m	
Introduction of cultivation of jute in	54	80	-	15000/ha	
new areas					
Cultivation of Oyster mushroom in	280	25	-	1000/month	
new areas					
Preparation of kantha stitch	30	80	-	3000/month	
Introduction of Khaki Campbell duck	25	80	-	300/month	

4.2. Cases of large scale adoption (Please furnish detailed information for each case)

- 4.3 Details of impact analysis of KVK activities carried out during the reporting period Impacts of the different efforts by the KVK during 2010-11 which are hereunder:
 - 1. Replacement of older varieties of the crops like jute, Mustard etc by Improved varieties of JBO 2003H, JRO 8432, JRO 204 and WBBN1 respectively
 - 2. System of Rice Intensification better yield, less labour & cost effective Wide coverage of SRI technology
 - 3. Integrated Farming System– More return from per unit land -Widespread dissemination of Integrated Farming System approach
 - 4. Region specific mineral mixture Improved milk yield, fat % and reproductive performance and better performance of *Deshi cow* through supplementation of this Widespread dissemination of this technology
 - 5. Seed replacement rate enhanced and Seed treatment of different crops has been come in practice
 - 6. Use of biofertilizer and biopesticide has been increased
 - 7. Crop diversification i.e. introduction of jute, vegetables in the cropping system
 - 8. Cultivation of off season vegetable came into practice
 - 9. Soil test based fertilizer application came into practice
 - 10. Preparation of Jute handicraft Six of the trainees (Five female and one male) are generating income through handicraft preparation
 - 11. Preparation of Kantha Stitch Five of the trainees (female) are supplementing family income
 - 12. Vermicompost production Eight village level production units have been formed
 - 13. Mushroom cultivation Twenty village level production units have been formed for domestic consumption
 - 14. Self help group Fifty four (54) SHGs have been formed and actively working in collaboration with KVK and NABARD
 - 15. Seed Village Programme initiated in different blocks of Burdwan which covers around 300 ha area under paddy seed cultivation.

4.4 Details of innovations recorded by the KVK

Thematic area : ITK refinement

Management of animal diseases through refined ITK



Jagulipara, Galsi-I , Burdwan (M) 9232794153 Graduate; 10 acre land holding

Sk. Sheikh Soyeb, 32 years old farmer of Burdwan district of West Bengal helped the fellow animal rearers through a modified ITK.

Description and utility: Diarrhea and foot and mouth disease are quite prevalent in the district causing death of a large number of cattle. A refinement of the ITK in this regard by Sk. Soyeb through feeding paste of branch of *lonka suti* (a local herb) (2 tsf for adult cow and 1 for goat) in semisolid form to the affected animals for 2 days cured diarrhea of cattle. For controlling foot and mouth disease he applies the decoction (after cooling) externally on the affected part after boiling leaves and twigs (20g) of neem in water (1 liter)(till the colour of leaves turn fade). Though this application is yet to be scientifically tested but a few fellow farmers are successfully practicing this refined ITK to cure their animals.



Lanka shuti

Plant's latex

Before treatment

After treatment

4.5 Details of entrepreneurship development by the KVK

KVK conducted different trainings and demonstration on the following topics for entrepreneurship development

- Preparation of Jute handicraft Ten of the trainees are generating income through handicraft preparation
- Preparation of Kantha Stitch Twenty of the trainees (female) are supplementing family income
- Vermicompost production Eight village level production units have been formed
- Mushroom cultivation Twenty village level production units have been formed for domestic consumption

4.6 Any other initiative taken by the KVK

- One Trial on Brown manuring conducted in KVK experimental farm in collaboration • with CIMMYT : One on station demonstration was conducted at KVK, Burdwan in an area of 0.4 ha on brown manuring in rice. The rice cultivar used was MTU 7029. Pre germinated paddy seed (@25 kg/ha) was broadcasted alongwith sesbania (@30 kg/ha) in soil after giving one shallow ploughing on 25.6.10. 1/4th of 75% recommended N (80 kg ha-1) and 75% recommended P and K (40 kg ha-1) were applied as basal. No herbicide was used before sowing. Half of the 75% recommended N was applied after 45 days after sowing (DAS) and rest was applied at 70 DAS. Herbicide 2,4-diethyl ester was applied two times, one after 30 DAS and another at 45 DAS. Sesbania was fully destroyed 55 DAS. Water management was done in conventional manner. It was found that productivity increase due to brown manuring was marginal (1.3 %) which may not speak in favour of brown manuring over conventional method of cultivation, but when benefit: cost ratio is considered, brown manuring was found to be much more effective over conventional method in diminishing cost of cultivation (B : C ratio of 1.15 as compared to 0.74 in conventional). The main reason for diminished cost of cultivation was much less fuel requirement for main field preparation. Also the labour requirement is also less in brown manuring (152 nos.) as compared to conventional (170 nos.). Brown manuring has another advantage in regards of soil quality preservation and remediation. In conventional rice cultivation puddling has to be done to break down soil aggregates, reduce macro-porosity, disperse the clay fraction, and form a dense zone of compaction (i.e. 'plough pan') at depth. In addition to facilitating transplanting, puddling serves several functions including weed control and to reduce deep percolation losses of water.
- Implementation of Integrated Farming System (a model which was developed by KVK) in various ponds excavated in different villages of Burdwan District under MGNREGS scheme with the help of MGNREGS workers
- Workshop conducted with Indian Metrological Department, Govt of India at KVK on Effect of Climate on Agriculture and after that we collect the weather forecast from them and circulate the various stake holders for aware of the farmers of the Burdwan district about the weather forecast for next five days and accordingly they can plan fro their crop management.

4.7 Area not covered by the above or constraints or new proposal for XII plan $_{\rm N/A}$

5.0 LINKAGES

5.1	Functional	linkage	with	different	organizati	ons

Name of organization	Nature of linkage
ATMA	 Governing body and management committee member
	 Conducting Farm school, trainings, demonstration etc.
RKVY	 Governing body and management committee member
	 Adhoc projects etc.
	• Training programmes on Greenhouse technology and micro
	irrigation on horticulture
MGNREGS	Convergence programmes were
	• Training of NREGA technical staff on Vermi-compost,
	Rainwater harvesting, horticulture, Composite fish
	culture, Integrated farming
	• Field demonstrations by KVKs on NREGA works on IMC
	culture, Duck rearing, integrated farming (Fish-livestock-
	• Skill development of NDECA workers under SCSV
	 JKIII development of inte handicrafts kantha stitch
NABARD	Farmers club. Credit facility for farmers
Indian Metrological Deptt.	Weather forecasting etc.
Bidhan Chandra Krishi	Time to time planning execution: Planting material collection
Viswavidvalava, Mohanpur	Bio fertilizers collection: Resource persons
West Bengal University of	Feed and milk sample analysis
Animal and Fishery Science	r i ji
State Department of Agriculture,	Time to time planning execution
Burdwan	
Animal Resource Development	Ducklings supply
Department, Govt. of W.B.,	• Vaccination camp against FMD, PPR, Rani khet disease
	 Health camp against infertility
National Seed Corporation, State	Foundation and certified paddy and potato seed etc.
Seed Corporation,	
Department of Fisheries, Govt. of	Fish fingerlings supply; Training on fish culture, management
W.B	Awareness camp on subsidized loan scheme, fisherman identity
	card
CIFA, Bhubaneshwar	Supply and Installation of Carp Hatchery
Regional Station for Forage	Training and fodder seed collection
Production Demonstration,	
CIEA Kalvani	Exposure visit
State Agricultural Management	Training on SREP propagation for ATMA programma
Extension Training Institute	fraiming on over preparation for ATMA programme
Narendrapur	
CBL SBI & RRBs Burdwan	Farmers club. Credit facility for farmers
Region	ranners end) createracting for faillers
NGOs	Farmers' tour, Training etc
Indian linst. of Crop Processing	Collaborative workshop cum training programme for meat
Technology, Thanjavur	workers and for rural youth and women for entrepreneurship
	development
Inst. of Engg. & Tech. of	KVK is member of Management Committee of CDTP
Burdwan	č

NB The nature of linkage should be indicated in terms of joint diagnostic survey, joint implementation, participation in meeting, contribution received for infrastructural development, conducting training programmes and demonstration or any other

Name of the scheme	Purpose of programme	Date/ Month of initiation	Funding agency	Amount (Rs.)
Adhoc project on Green House	Growing high value crops under green house	April, 2010	RKVY	8,85,000
Innovative projects and Technical package Dev.	Establishment of different demonstration units for farmers	June 2010	ATMA	6,80,000
Workshop cum Training on Meat Processing	Awareness for hygienic meat processing for the Butchers	March, 2011	Indian Iinst. of Crop Processing Technology, Thanjavur	-
Workshop cum Training on small scale entrepreneur development	Awareness prog. For farm women for small scale entrepreneurship development	March, 2011	Indian Iinst. of Crop Processing Technology, Thanjavur	-
Workshop for MGNREGS workers	Convergence programme of MGNREGS for implementation of various schemes	June, 2010	MGNREGS Burdwan	-

5.2 List of special programmes undertaken by the KVK, which have been financed by State Govt,/Other Agencies

6. PERFORMANCE OF INFRASTRUCTURE IN KVK

6.1 *Performance of demonstration units (other than instructional farm)*

Sl.	Demo Unit	Year of	Area	De	tails of producti	on	Amoun	t (Rs.)	Remarks
No.		estt.		Varie ty	Produce	Qty.	Cost of inputs	Gross income	
1.	Portable carp hatchery	Unde r Const ructio n	0.2 katha	IMC	To be operation al coming season	-	-	-	
2.	Integrated farming system	2012	1 ha including water body of 0.75 ha	TCB, Kid cultu:	l production un re unit, forest pl	it, fish ant	1000. 00	1450.00 till date	
3.	Greenhouse (Cauliflowe r)	2010	1008 sq.m	Early Kunwa ri	3000 pcs.	20	4000.00	9750.00	
4.	Greenhouse (veg. seedling)	2010	300 sq. m.	Avinas h 3	Seedling	20000	4000.00	14000.0 0	
4.	Drip irrigation in fruit orchard	2011	1 ha	Fruit orchrd	-	-	-	-	Orchard is at early stage
5.	Vermi- compost unit	2010	480 sq.ft	Com post		1 tonne	4000. 00		Given to farmers for demonst ration purpose

Name	DAS/DAT	Date of	ea 1)	Details of production			Ame	Remarks	
Of the crop		- narvest	Are (hå	Variety	Type of Produce	Qty.	Input Cost	Gross income	
Cereals (paddy)	15.07.2011	25.11.2011	6 ha	MTU 7029	Certified seed	250 q	65,000	6,00,000 (Anticipated)	Not yet sold
Fodder (Rice bean)	14.1.2011	5.5.2011		Bidhan 1	TL seed	12 kg			
Seedlings (tomato)	12.09.2011	10.10.2010	-	Avinash 3	seedling	20000 nos.	4000	14000	

6.2 *Performance of instructional farm (Crops) including seed production*

6.3 Performance of production Units (bio-agents / bio pesticides/ bio fertilizers etc.)

Sl.	Name of the	Qty	Amount (Rs.)		Remarks
No.	Product		Cost of inputs	Gross income	
1.	Vermicompost	2 tonnes	4000.00		Given to farmers as demonstration
					inputs

6.4 Performance of instructional farm (livestock and fisheries production)

S1.	Name	Details of production			Amou	Remarks	
No	of the animal / bird/aquatics	Breed	Type of Produce	Qty.	Cost of inputs	Gross income	
1.	Goat	Black	kid	3		900.00	
		bengal		nos.			

6.5 Utilization of hostel facilities

Accommodation available (No. of beds) - 20

Months	No. of trainees stayed	Trainee days (days stayed)	Reason for short fall (if any)
April 11			
May 11			
June 11	50	50	
July 11	75	75	
August 11	100	100	
September 11	75	75	
October 11	56	56	
November 11	50	50	
December 11	105	105	
January 12	65	65	
February 13	50	50	
March 14	180	180	

6.6 Utilization of staff quarters

Whether staff quarters has been completed:

Completed and under process for taking over

No of staff quarters: Six (06)

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Date of completion: March 2011
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Öccupancy

Months	QI	QII	Q III	QIV	QV	QVI
Yet to be occupied						

7. FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

7.1 Details of KVK Bank accounts

Bank account	Name of the bank	Location	Account Number
With Host Institute	State Bank of India	Barrackpore	10391779335

	Railway Station Branch, Barrackpore		
With KVK	State Bank of India Mankar	Mankar	30466431682

7.2 Utilization of funds under FLD on Oilseed (Rs. In Lakhs) *

Item	Released by ICAR		Expenditure		Expenditure		Unspent balance as on 1 st April 2012
	Kharif 2011	Rabi 2011-12	Kharif 2011	Rabi 2011-12			
Inputs	-	-	-	-	Rs. 7,000.00		
Extension activities	-	-	-	-			
TA/DA/POL etc.	-	-	-	-			
TOTAL	-	-	-	-			

 * FLD on must ard conducted from contingency and results given in the page no 34

7.3 Utilization of funds under FLD on Pulses (Rs. In Lakhs)

Item	Released by ICAR		Expen	Unspent	
	Kharif	Rabi	Kharif	Rabi	balance as on
	2011	2011-12	2011	2011-12	1 st April 2012
Inputs	-	-	-	-	Rs. Nil
Extension activities	-	-	-	-	
TA/DA/POL etc.	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	

7.4 Utilization of funds under FLD on Cotton (Rs. In Lakhs)

Item	Released by ICAR		Expen	Unspent	
	Kharif	Rabi	Kharif	Rabi	balance as on
	2010	2010-11	2010	2010-11	1 st April 2011
Inputs	-	-	-	-	-
Extension activities	-	-	-	-	-
TA/DA/POL etc.	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-

7.5 Utilization of KVK funds during the year 2011-12 till date (Rs. In Lakh)

S.	Particulars	Sanctioned	Released	Expenditure						
N.										
	A. Recurring Contingencies									
1	Pay & Allowances	58.75	58.75	57.00						
2	Traveling allowances	1.00	1.00	1.03						
3	Contingencies (A+B+C+D+E+F+G+H+I+J)	13.00	13.00	12.40						
Α	Stationery, telephone, postage and other expenditure on									
	office running, publication of Newsletter and library									
	maintenance (Purchase of News Paper & Magazines)									
В	POL, repair of vehicles, tractor and equipments									
С	Meals/refreshment for trainees (ceiling upto									
	Rs.40/day/trainee be maintained)									
D	Training material (posters, charts, demonstration material									
	including chemicals etc. required for conducting the									
	training)									
E	Training of extension functionaries									
F	Frontline demonstration except oilseeds and pulses									
	(minimum of 30 demonstration in a year)									
G	On farm testing (on need based, location specific and									
	newly generated information in the major production									
	systems of the area)									
Н	Maintenance of buildings									
Ι	Establishment of Soil, Plant & Water Testing Laboratory									
J	Library									
	TOTAL (A)	72.75	72.75	70.43						
	B. Non-Recurring Contingencies									
1	Works	-								
2	Equipments including SWTL & Furniture	0.25	0.25	0.25						
3	Vehicle (Four wheeler/Two wheeler, please specify)	-								
4	Library (Purchase of assets like books & journals)	0.07	0.07	0.07						

	2 dif di fi fi fi	(ie) eigin (ie	<i>"</i> " " "
TOTAL (B)	0.32	0.32	0.32
GRAND TOTAL (A+B)	73.07	73.07	70.75

no statao of recording fana (Its) in takito, for the three years							
Year	Opening balance	Income during	Expenditure	Net balance in hand as on			
	as on 1 st April	the year	during the year	1 st April of each year			
	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)			
April 2009 to	9,022	2,63,036	2,31496	40,562			
March 2010							
April 2010 to	40,562	1,95,480	2,40,522	(-) 4480.00 plus Rs. 5,00,000			
March 2011				in kind of seed			
April 2011 to	(-) 4480.00 plus kind	5,12,212	5,36,972	28,660 plus Rs. 7,00,000 in			
March 2012	of seed			kind of seed			

7.6 Status of revolving fund (Rs. in lakhs) for the three years

(* refund back of Rs. 1.00 lakh to ICAR during 2010-11)

7.7 Any other significant achievements (provide full details with action photograph)

- 1. **Dr. F. H. Rahman**, PC of this KVK was recognized and awarded **the best KVK Professional Award 2011** by Society of Extension Education at Goa during sixth Congress of the Society for his outstanding contribution in the field of Transfer of Technology.
- 2. **Sk. Nijamul Haque**, Progressive farmer of Jgulipara, Galsi-I, Burdwan, one of the adopted village of KVK was awarded the '**Krishak Samrat Samman' 2011 by Hon'ble MIC**, **Agi & FPI**, **GOI**, org. by Mahindra Sammriddhi for breaking established stereotype and being instrumental in driving sustainable and scalable innovative farming technology (SRI in his case), thereby making a positive impact on the agricultural community.

7.8 Number of SHGs formed by KVKs/associated with SHGs formed by other organizations indicating the area of SHG activities. 65 nos.

7.9 Details of marketing and financial opportunity created for the SHGs

KVK mobilized the marketing channel for the SHG, especially women SHGs, associated with the production of rural and other handicrafts, by linking them with yearly *Krishi melas*, rural fairs and town based cooperatives dealing with selling of crafts etc.

KVK has created financial opportunity for many of the SHGs formed by linking them with NABARD, rural banks etc.

7.10 Special programme on Food and Nutrition :

i) On farm trials conducted on food and nutrition:

Title, results, no. of beneficiaries and other information.

ii) FLD conducted on food and nutrition

Title, results, no. of beneficiaries and other information

iii) Awareness programme conducted on food and nutrition for Anganwadi workers and others--- one

Observed 'World Food Day' with Anganwadi workers and others

iv) Total Anganwadi workers trained indicating area of training:

One training programme was conducted at Khan Para, Galsi 1 of Burdwan, participating 30 Anganwadi workers on "Feeding of infant (after 5 months) with weaning food"

v) Number of exhibition, fair, workshops organized on food and nutrition:

٦

Seminar cum exhibition conducted at KVK on the eve of World Food Day on Oct

16, 2011 wher75 nos of Progressive Farmers participated

7.11 Community Radio Station : Not applicable

i) Date of start of Community Radio Station

ii) Details of programme aired through Community Radio Station and frequency of such programme

iii) Whether any proposal is pending for establishment of CRS at KVK, if yes, date of submission of proposal

7.12 KMAS Service: Yet to start

Mobile Advisory								
	No. of		Type of messages					
No. of	farmers	No. of	Crop			Marketin		
calls	covered	messages	(no.)	Livestock	Weather	g	Awareness	Other
								enterprise

7.13 Performance of Automatic Weather Station/Weather Station in KVK

Activity on weather forecast is carrying out in corroboration with Department of Meteorology, BCKV and agromet advisory services have been distributed weekly among farmers and Agricultural officials.

- i) Parameters are being recorded
- ii) Advisory service based on weather data being provided to
- a) Number of farmers
- b) Departments with name and number
- c) Other agency with name and number

7.14 Joint activity carried out with line departments and ATMA

Name of	Season	With line department	With ATMA	Both
activity				
Village seed	Kharif	State Agricultural Department,		
production		Govt. of W.B.		
Technology	Year round	State Agricultural Department,	ATMA	Both
week		Govt. of W.B.		
Animal Health	Year round	Department of Animal		
camp.		Resource Development, Govt.		
		of W.B.		
Plantation of	Year round	RKVY		
Tissue culture				
banana				
Fodder	Kharif	RSFPD, Kalyani, Department		
demonstration		of Animal Husbandry,		
		Dairying and Fisheries, GOI.		